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1	WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 8, 2023; 9:30 A.M.
2	
3	CHAIRMAN JUELSGAARD: MY CO-CHAIR, GOOD
4	MORNING, MOHAMAD.
5	DR. ABOUSALEM: GOOD MORNING, EVERYONE.
6	SORRY FOR BEING LATE.
7	CHAIRMAN JUELSGAARD: NOT A PROBLEM. WE
8	ARE JUST OFF TO A ROARING START HERE. SO JUST
9	GETTING GOING.
10	SO AS I SAID, I'M GOING TO TURN THE
11	MEETING OVER TO SHYAM IN JUST A MOMENT. WE HAVE A
12	SINGLE ITEM ON THE AGENDA. THIS HAS ACTUALLY BEEN A
13	TOPIC THAT WE'VE BEEN WRESTLING WITH NOW FOR WELL
14	OVER A YEAR, MAYBE EVEN GOING ON TWO YEARS NOW. THE
15	INITIATION OF THIS WAS REALLY THE DIFFICULTY IN
16	FINDING FUNDING FOR EARLY STAGE PRIVATE COMPANIES.
17	FOR THOSE OF YOU THAT AREN'T NECESSARILY
18	INVOLVED WITH INDUSTRY, THESE DAYS IT'S VERY
19	DIFFICULT FOR EARLY START-UP COMPANIES TO FIND
20	FUNDING. WE'VE GONE FROM WHAT'S KNOWN AS A RISK-ON
21	ENVIRONMENT TO A RISK-OFF ENVIRONMENT WHERE PEOPLE
22	ARE LESS WILLING TO TAKE RISKS, PARTICULARLY PEOPLE
23	THAT FUND EARLY COMPANIES. AND IT'S VERY DIFFERENT
24	FROM THE ROARING DAYS OF 2020 AND 2021.
25	AND THE OBSERVATION WAS IS THAT THIS IS
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1	BASICALLY WE HAVE A CO-FUNDING OBLIGATION, CASH
2	CO-FUNDING OBLIGATION, FOR COMPANIES WHO GET CIRM
3	FUNDING. AND THAT REQUIREMENT FOR CASH CO-FUNDING
4	WAS CREATING SOME PROBLEMS FOR VERY YOUNG COMPANIES
5	TO BE ABLE TO APPLY FOR AND OBTAIN CIRM FUNDING EVEN
6	THOUGH THEY MIGHT HAVE VERY EXCELLENT OPPORTUNITIES,
7	SCIENTIFIC OPPORTUNITIES, FOR POTENTIAL THERAPIES
8	FOR UNMET MEDICAL NEEDS.
9	SO THE IDEA CAME AS AN ALTERNATIVE
10	TO PROVIDING CASH CO-FUNDING WAS TO USE THE EQUITY
11	FORM KNOWN AS WARRANTS OR RIGHTS TO BUY STOCK IN THE
12	FUTURE AS AN ALTERNATIVE.
13	AND SO I THINK WE'VE FINALLY COME TO THE
14	POINT WHERE WE HAVE SOMETHING CONCRETE TO PUT ON THE
15	TABLE, WHICH SHYAM WILL EXPLAIN. MOHAMAD AND I HAVE
16	BEEN VERY MUCH INVOLVED IN THE DEVELOPMENT OF THIS.
17	AND I WILL SPEAK FOR ME. I THINK I'M SPEAKING FOR
18	HIM AS WELL. WE ARE VERY MUCH IN SUPPORT OF WHAT
19	SHYAM IS PROPOSING. I THINK IT'S AN ELEGANT AND
20	WONDERFUL, GREAT OUTCOME AND WILL TREAD THAT LINE
21	BETWEEN HELPING YOUNG COMPANIES WHO ARE HAVING
22	DIFFICULTY FINDING MONEY, BUT STILL PROVIDING AN
23	OPPORTUNITY FOR A RETURN TO CIRM ON THE CO-FUNDING
24	ASPECT OF IT THAT CIRM WILL ACTUALLY PUT UP IN THE
25	FORM OF MONEY RATHER THAN REQUIRING THE COMPANY TO

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1	PUT UP.
2	SO WITH THAT VERY LONG-WINDED
3	INTRODUCTION, I'M GOING TO TURN THIS OVER TO SHYAM.
4	AND ONCE HE'S DONE, LET'S GO THROUGH THE WHOLE
5	PRESENTATION, IF YOU DON'T MIND, AND HOLD THE
6	QUESTIONS TILL THE END, AND THEN WE CAN REFER BACK
7	TO SLIDES AS WE NEED TO. AND WITH THAT, SHYAM.
8	MR. TOCHER: STEVE, ACTUALLY THIS IS
9	SCOTT. IF WE COULD JUST TAKE A QUICK ROLL CALL AND
10	JUST ESTABLISH A QUORUM AND THEN HAND IT OVER TO
11	SHYAM.
12	CHAIRMAN JUELSGAARD: WE HAVE A ROLL CALL
13	TAKER?
14	MR. TOCHER: YES, WE DO. I'LL TAKE THE
15	HONORS.
16	MOHAMAD ABOUSALEM.
17	DR. ABOUSALEM: PRESENT.
18	MR. TOCHER: KIM BARRETT.
19	DR. BARRETT: PRESENT.
20	MR. TOCHER: MARIA BONNEVILLE.
21	VICE CHAIR BONNEVILLE: PRESENT.
22	MR. TOCHER: JUDY CHOU.
23	DR. CHOU: PRESENT.
24	MR. TOCHER: ANNE-MARIE DULIEGE. LARRY
25	GOLDSTEIN.
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1	DR. GOLDSTEIN: HERE.
2	MR. TOCHER: VITO IMBASCIANI.
3	DR. IMBASCIANI: HERE.
4	MR. TOCHER: STEVE JUELSGAARD.
5	MR. JUELSGAARD: PRESENT.
6	MR. TOCHER: SHLOMO MELMED.
7	DR. MELMED: PRESENT.
8	MR. TOCHER: JOE PANETTA.
9	MR. PANETTA: HERE.
10	MR. TOCHER: MICHAEL STAMOS.
11	DR. STAMOS: PRESENT.
12	MR. TOCHER: KAROL WATSON.
13	GREAT. THANKS VERY MUCH, STEVE. SHYAM.
14	DR. PATEL: THANKS, SCOTT. THANK YOU,
15	CHAIR JUELSGAARD AND CHAIR ABOUSALEM, FOR THIS
16	OPPORTUNITY TO PRESENT TO YOU TODAY. AND THANK YOU
17	TO THE COMMITTEE FOR YOUR TIME AND ATTENTION THIS
18	MORNING.
19	SO I'M GOING TO WALK THROUGH THE
20	PRESENTATION THAT STEVE HAS ELEGANTLY OUTLINED. AND
21	GIVEN THAT IT'S BEEN AWHILE SINCE WE HAVE DISCUSSED
22	THIS TOPIC IN THE PAST, I WILL DO MY BEST TO PROVIDE
23	BACKGROUND AS WELL AS EXPLANATION AND THE RATIONALE
24	FOR WHAT WE ARE PROPOSING TODAY. AND HAPPY TO TAKE
25	ANY QUESTIONS AT THE END AS STEVE MENTIONED.
	6

1	I ALSO WANT TO ACKNOWLEDGE THAT WE DID
2	MAKE A CHANGE TO THE PRESENTATION MATERIALS AND THE
3	PROPOSAL RECENTLY THAT WE BELIEVE IN THE END IS
4	RESULTING IN A BETTER PROPOSAL. AND I WILL TALK
5	THROUGH SOME OF THOSE ELEMENTS AS WELL. SO IF YOU
6	WILL PARDON ME FOR A SECOND, I'LL PUT UP THE SLIDE
7	DECK.
8	SCOTT, CAN YOU SEE THE PRESENTATION AND
9	CAN YOU HEAR ME OKAY?
10	MR. TOCHER: WE CAN TO BOTH.
11	DR. PATEL: THANK YOU. SO I'M GOING TO
12	LAUNCH RIGHT INTO IT THEN. SO WE ALWAYS START EVERY
13	MEETING WITH OUR MISSION STATEMENT, WHICH IS TO
14	ACCELERATE WORLD-CLASS SCIENCE TO DELIVER
15	TRANSFORMATIVE REGENERATIVE MEDICINE TREATMENTS IN
16	AN EQUITABLE MANNER TO A DIVERSE CALIFORNIA AND
17	WORLD.
18	SO IN TAKING THE COMMITTEE'S FEEDBACK
19	ROUGHLY A YEAR AGO, WHAT WE ENDED UP DOING WAS GOING
20	BACK AND TAKING A LOOK AT THE CO-FUNDING REQUIREMENT
21	IN A MORE HOLISTIC MANNER AND DETERMINING WHAT WAS
22	THE INTENT OF THAT CO-FUNDING. SO GOING BACK ALL
23	THE WAY TO THE ICOC MEETINGS IN 2014/2015 TIME FRAME
24	WHEN CIRM 2.0 WAS BEING LAUNCHED AND THE CLIN
25	PROGRAM WAS UP FOR BOARD APPROVAL AS A NEW CONCEPT
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1	PLAN. AND SO FROM THAT WHAT STEMMED WAS THIS
2	PARTICULAR CO-FUNDING MECHANISM WHICH YOU ARE ALL
3	FAMILIAR WITH WHERE THERE IS A CO-FUNDING
4	REQUIREMENT ON THE TOTAL PROJECT COSTS FOR ALL
5	FOR-PROFIT APPLICANTS UNDER TRANSLATION AND CLINICAL
6	PROGRAMS. FOR NEW THE NON-PROFIT APPLICANT, THE
7	CO-FUNDING REQUIREMENT APPLIES AT ANY TRIAL THAT IS
8	AFTER THE FIRST-IN-HUMAN TRIAL. SO BASICALLY YOU
9	NEED LATE STAGE CLINICAL TRIALS, THERE'S A
10	CO-FUNDING REQUIREMENT.
11	AND SO WHAT WAS THE INTENT OF THIS
12	CO-FUNDING REQUIREMENT? AND FOR THE FOR-PROFITS,
13	THE INTENT WAS THAT WE WANTED THE COMPANIES TO
14	DEMONSTRATE A FIRM COMMITMENT TO THE PROPOSED
15	PROJECT. AND THAT'S WHAT'S BEEN DISCUSSED OVER THE
16	LAST YEAR OR SO AS TO HOW DO WE MAINTAIN THIS
17	COMMITMENT WHILE ALSO PROVIDING FOR A WARRANT-BASED
18	CO-FUNDING OPTION THAT ALLOWS PRESERVATION OF
19	CAPITAL FOR THESE YOUNG COMPANIES.
20	AND THE SECOND ELEMENT FOR THE NON-PROFITS
21	FOR THOSE LATER STAGE CLINICAL TRIALS, THE INTENT
22	THERE WAS TO HAVE AN INDUSTRY PARTNER FOR THOSE LATE
23	STAGE CLINICAL TRIALS AND TO INCENTIVIZE THAT SORT
24	OF PARTNERING FOR THOSE TRIALS WHEN THEY DO COME IN.
25	AND SO WHAT WE ARE REQUESTING AND WE ARE
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1	PROPOSING IN THIS PARTICULAR PRESENTATION IS TO MAKE
2	CHANGES TO THE CO-FUNDING REQUIREMENT BASED ON THREE
3	PARTICULAR AREAS. SO THE FIRST AND FOREMOST IS
4	SOMETHING THAT WE'VE BEEN DISCUSSED IN THE PAST,
5	WHICH IS THAT FOR-PROFITS ARE OPERATING IN A
6	CHALLENGING ECONOMIC ENVIRONMENT. SO THERE ARE VERY
7	MUCH ACUTE HEADWINDS AT THE MOMENT. AND THEN MORE
8	GENERALLY SPEAKING, YOUNG COMPANIES THAT ARE IN
9	DEVELOPMENT PHASE ARE ALMOST ALWAYS CASH STRAPPED.
10	AND FURTHER THAN THAT, THEY ARE AT A RELATIVE
11	DISADVANTAGE TO NON-PROFITS FOR CIRM AWARD LEVELS.
12	AND WHAT I MEAN BY THAT IS THAT IN OUR CURRENT
13	FUNDING PROGRAMS, FOR-PROFIT COMPANIES CANNOT
14	REQUEST OVERHEAD COSTS. SO THAT'S A 20-PERCENT
15	OVERHEAD COST THAT NON-PROFITS CAN REQUEST.
16	IN ADDITION TO THAT, BOTH FOR CLIN1 AND
17	THE FIRST-IN-HUMAN CLIN2 PROGRAM, THE AWARD CAPS
18	RIGHT NOW ARE LOWER FOR COMPANIES THAN THEY ARE FOR
19	NON-PROFIT APPLICANTS. SO KEEP THAT IN MIND AS WE
20	GO THROUGH THIS PRESENTATION.
21	SECONDLY, IF A NON-PROFIT APPLICANT HAS A
22	FOR-PROFIT PARTNER AT THE TIME OF APPLICATION, THAT
23	PARTNER IS NOT REQUIRED TO CO-FUND THE CIRM AWARD
24	BECAUSE CURRENTLY THE CO-FUNDING REQUIREMENT APPLIES
25	TO THE APPLICANT OR AWARDEE.

1	AND LASTLY, CURRENTLY CLINICAL PROGRESS OF
2	UNPARTNERED ACADEMIC PROGRAMS, THESE ARE ONES THAT
3	DON'T HAVE A COMMERCIALIZATION PARTNER THAT ARE AT
4	LATE STAGE CLINICAL TRIALS, ARE UNABLE TO RAISE THE
5	40-PERCENT CO-FUNDING REQUIREMENT. AND THIS IS
6	PARTICULARLY STALLING THESE PROGRAMS AS THEY TRY TO
7	RAISE ADDITIONAL FUNDING AND HAVE TO DELAY THE
8	CLINICAL DEVELOPMENT OF THESE PROGRAMS. AND WE'VE
9	SEEN THIS FIRSTHAND. BOTH DR. ABLA CREASEY AND OUR
10	THERAPEUTICS DEVELOPMENT TEAM AS WELL AS I AND THE
11	BUSINESS DEVELOPMENT TEAM HAVE WITNESSED THIS
12	FIRSTHAND WITH SEVERAL CIRM PROJECTS. AND WE CAN
13	TALK ABOUT THAT, IF NEEDED, DOWN THE ROAD.
14	I SEE THAT MICHAEL STAMOS HAS HIS HAND UP.
15	DR. STAMOS: YEAH. SORRY, SHYAM. ON THE
16	FIRST BULLET POINT, THERE WERE TWO POINTS. COULD
17	YOU REPEAT THE SECOND POINT? I DON'T THINK I QUITE
18	CAUGHT IT AND I WANTED TO PROCESS IT A LITTLE
19	BETTER. THANK YOU.
20	DR. PATEL: YEAH. CERTAINLY. SO FOR THE
21	SECOND POINT WAS THAT FOR A CLIN1 FUNDING MECHANISM,
22	THIS IS TO SUPPORT IND-ENABLING PROJECTS. A
23	FOR-PROFIT APPLICANT CAN ONLY REQUEST TO THE AWARD
24	CAP OF \$4 MILLION WHILE A NON-PROFIT APPLICANT CAN
25	REQUEST \$6 MILLION. SIMILARLY FOR A CLIN2
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1	MECHANISM, THAT'S A FIRST-IN-HUMAN TRIAL, A
2	FOR-PROFIT APPLICANT CAN REQUEST \$8 MILLION, AND A
3	NON-PROFIT APPLICANT CAN REQUEST \$12 MILLION. AND
4	THE REASON FOR THIS IS BECAUSE THE CO-FUNDING IS
5	SUPPOSED TO BRING THAT TO AN EQUIVALENT LEVEL.
6	SO WITH THAT IN MIND, WHAT WE ARE
7	PROPOSING IS A CHANGE TO THE CO-FUNDING REQUIREMENTS
8	AS OUTLINED IN THIS PARTICULAR SLIDE HERE. SO I'M
9	GOING TO FOCUS YOU FIRST ON THAT MIDDLE TABLE. AND
10	SO WHAT WE ARE PROPOSING IS TO ALLOW FOR A
11	WARRANT-BASED CO-FUNDING OPTION FOR FOR-PROFITS.
12	AND THEN FOR THE NON-PROFIT SIDE, WE ARE SPLITTING
13	OUT THE PARTNERING STATUS IN A NON-PROFIT. SO IF
14	THERE'S A NON-PROFIT APPLICANT THAT IS UNPARTNERED,
15	THEY DON'T HAVE A COMMERCIALIZATION PARTNER, AT THE
16	TIME THEY SUBMIT AN APPLICATION TO CIRM, THEY WILL
17	NOT HAVE A CO-FUNDING REQUIREMENT AT ANY STAGE OF A
18	TRAN OR A CLIN AWARD.
19	NOW, ON THE OTHER HAND, IF THAT NON-PROFIT
20	HAS A COMMERCIALIZATION PARTNER WHEN THEY APPLY TO
21	CIRM, THE PARTNER WILL BE SUBJECT TO A CASH OR
22	WARRANT-BASED CO-FUNDING REQUIREMENT. SO
23	ESSENTIALLY, IT'S EQUIVALENT WHETHER THE FOR-PROFIT
24	PARTNER APPLIES OR THE NON-PROFIT APPLIES IN THAT
25	SITUATION. THE CO-FUNDING REQUIREMENT WOULD APPLY
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TO BOTH.

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NOW, I'M GOING TO COME BACK AROUND TO THE 2 3 WARRANT-BASED CO-FUNDING REQUIREMENT. SO AS STEVE MENTIONED, THIS IS SOMETHING THAT WE HAD DISCUSSED A 4 5 YEAR AGO AS AN ALTERNATIVE MECHANISM TO THE 6 CASH-BASED CO-FUNDING REQUIREMENT. SO HERE THE AWARDEE, THE APPLICANT WOULD ELECT TO TAKE THE 7 WARRANT-BASED CO-FUNDING AS AN ALTERNATIVE OPTION TO 8 9 COMMITTING CASH. AND CIRM HAS A HISTORY OF THIS. SO PREVIOUSLY CIRM HAD REQUIRED AWARDEES TO ISSUE 10 WARRANTS AS PART OF A PRIOR LOAN PROGRAM. AND IN 11 THAT INSTANCE THE WARRANTS WERE MANAGED BY A 12 13 COMMUNITY FUND WHEN IT CAME TIME TO EXERCISE THEM. 14 SO THEY EXERCISED AND LIQUIDATED THE SHARES AND THEN TRANSFERRED THE FUNDS BACK TO CIRM. SO THERE IS A 15 MECHANISM IN PLACE AND THERE'S A HISTORY OF THIS 16 17 THAT CIRM HAS USED IN THE PAST, WHICH IS THE MAIN RATIONALE FOR WHY A WARRANT-BASED CO-FUNDING OPTION 18 19 IS FEASIBLE FOR AN ORGANIZATION LIKE CIRM. 20 SO JUST TO REPEAT, WHAT WE ARE PROPOSING IS A SET OF CHANGES TO ADDRESS THOSE THREE BULLET 21 22 POINTS IN THE PRIOR PRESENTATION. SO, FIRST, WITH RESPECT TO COMPANIES THAT APPLY TO CIRM AND TO GIVE 23 THEM AN OPTION ASIDE FROM THE CASH-BASED CO-FUNDING 24 25 REQUIREMENT, THERE'S GOING TO BE THE WARRANT-BASED

CO-FUNDING REQUIREMENT, WHICH I'LL DESCRIBE IN THE
NEXT FEW SLIDES.
AND THEN THERE ARE TWO NON-PROFIT
SITUATIONS THAT I MENTIONED. THE FIRST WAS THAT A
COMMERCIAL PARTNERED NON-PROFIT, WHEN THEY APPLY,
THE COMMERCIAL PARTNER HAS NO OBLIGATION TO CO-FUND
THE PROJECT BECAUSE THE CO-FUNDING APPLIES TO THE
AWARDEE. UNDER THIS PROPOSED CO-FUNDING CHANGE,
THAT COMMERCIALIZATION PARTNER WOULD BE SUBJECT TO
THE CO-FUNDING REQUIREMENT JUST AS ANY OTHER
FOR-PROFIT APPLICANT WOULD BE.
AND FINALLY, IF A NON-PROFIT PROGRAM IS
UNPARTNERED AT THE TIME OF APPLICATION, THEY WILL
HAVE NO CO-FUNDING REQUIREMENTS AT ANY STAGE OF THE
TRANSLATION OR CLINICAL AWARDS.
SO I'M GOING TO NOW FIRST ADDRESS THE
NON-PROFIT CO-FUNDING CHANGES, AND THEN I WILL FOCUS
THE REST OF THE PRESENTATION ON THE WARRANT-BASED
CO-FUNDING.
SO AS I MENTIONED PREVIOUSLY, THE
40-PERCENT CO-FUNDING REQUIREMENT FOR NON-PROFITS
FOR TRIAL BEYOND THE FIRST-IN-HUMAN TRIAL IS NOT
REALLY SERVING AS AN INCENTIVE FOR INDUSTRY
PARTNERS. IT IS NOT BY ITSELF ENCOURAGING AN
INDUSTRY PARTNER TO PARTNER WITH THAT PROGRAM AND,
13

1	IN FACT, IS SLOWING CLINICAL PROGRESS BASED ON OUR
2	EXPERIENCE.
3	NOW, I DO WANT TO NOTE THAT, ALTHOUGH WE
4	ARE PROPOSING TO REMOVE THIS CO-FUNDING REQUIREMENT,
5	IF THAT NON-PROFIT APPLICANT ALREADY HAS A
6	COMMERCIALIZATION PARTNER, THE CO-FUNDING
7	REQUIREMENT APPLIES TO THE PARTNER AS I DESCRIBED IN
8	THE PRIOR SLIDE. SO THAT CO-FUNDING COMMITMENT IS
9	STILL PRESERVED. THERE IS A COMMERCIALIZATION
10	PARTNER FOR THAT PROGRAM.
11	SO WHAT WOULD BE THE RATIONALE FOR
12	SUPPORTING UNPARTNERED, LATER STAGE CLINICAL TRIALS
13	THAT HAVE AN ACADEMIC SPONSOR? SO IN THESE
14	INSTANCES, THESE TRIALS CAN PROGRESS. THEY CAN
15	GENERATE, IF THEY'RE RECOMMENDED BY THE GWG AND
16	APPROVED BY THE BOARD, THEY COULD GENERATE
17	ADDITIONAL CLINICAL DATA AND PROGRESS THAT PROGRAM
18	AND FURTHER DERISK IT AND EVENTUALLY ATTRACT
19	PARTNERSHIPS OR ALTERNATIVE MODELS TO DELIVER THOSE
20	THERAPIES TO PATIENTS. AND THIS CO-FUNDING
21	REQUIREMENT IS SLOWING DOWN THAT PROGRESS THAT COULD
22	POTENTIALLY BE MADE IN AN ACADEMIC SETTING FOR THOSE
23	TRIALS.
24	AND I DO WANT TO REMIND THE BOARD THAT THE
25	REVENUE SHARING AND LOAN CONVERSION WOULD STILL
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1	APPLY TO ALL OF THESE AWARDS. SO FOR THAT
2	NON-PROFIT CLIN2, OR \$15 MILLION AWARD, THAT WOULD
3	STILL HAVE A REVENUE SHARING REQUIREMENT AS ALL CIRM
4	AWARDS DO APPLIED TO IT. AND SO FOR THAT \$15
5	MILLION CLIN2 AWARD, THAT COULD RESULT IN A
6	1.5-PERCENT ROYALTY ON REVENUE IF THAT PROGRAM IS
7	SUCCESSFULLY COMMERCIALIZED UP TO A RETURN OF \$135
8	MILLION OR UP TO TEN YEARS.
9	SIMILARLY, IF THAT AWARD ENDS UP BEING
10	CONVERTED TO A LOAN AFTER IT HAS ENDED, WE WOULD AT
11	A MINIMUM HAVE A RETURN OF PRINCIPAL TO CIRM. AND
12	THOSE ARE THE STANDARD LOAN TERMS AND REVENUE
13	SHARING REQUIREMENTS THAT APPLY TO ALL OF CIRM
14	AWARDS FOR A TRANSLATION AND CLINICAL STAGE. WE ARE
15	JUST POINTING OUT THAT EVEN IF WE DO MAKE A $\$15$
16	MILLION CLIN2 AWARD TO AN ACADEMIC PROGRAM FOR A
17	LATE STAGE CLINICAL TRIAL, THERE COULD STILL BE A
18	RETURN TO CIRM DOWN THE ROAD IF THAT PROGRAM IS
19	SUCCESSFULLY COMMERCIALIZED.
20	SO I'M GOING TO FOCUS THE REST OF THIS
21	PRESENTATION ON THE WARRANT-BASED CO-FUNDING
22	MECHANISM THAT IS RELEVANT TO FOR-PROFIT AWARDEES OR
23	POTENTIALLY TO THE FOR-PROFIT COMMERCIALIZATION
24	PARTNERS OF NON-PROFIT AWARDEES.
25	SO HOW WOULD THIS PROGRAM WORK? SO A
	15

1	FOR-PROFIT AWARDEE WOULD COMMIT WARRANTS INSTEAD OF
2	CAPITAL, AS WE MENTIONED. IN THIS INSTANCE THE
3	AWARDEE RETAINS CAPITAL FOR OPERATIONAL NEEDS AND
4	VALUE CREATION THAT IT WOULD HAVE OTHERWISE
5	COMMITTED TO THE CO-FUNDING REQUIREMENT. AND IN
6	RETURN CIRM WOULD HAVE TO COMMIT A HIGHER AWARD
7	AMOUNT UP TO THE AWARD CAP TO MAINTAIN OVERALL
8	FINANCIAL SUPPORT FOR THE CIRM-FUNDED PROJECT. AND
9	THIS WAS DESCRIBED IN THE PRIOR IP SUBCOMMITTEE
10	MEETING, AND I'M GOING TO RE-DESCRIBE HOW THIS
11	ACTUALLY WOULD WORK IN PRACTICE AND HOW IT WOULD
12	IMPACT A PARTICULAR PROJECT.
13	SO I HAVE TWO EXAMPLES HERE. I'M GOING TO
14	WALK US THROUGH THE TRANSLATIONAL ONE AND THE
15	CLINICAL ONE IS SIMILAR, BUT WITH HIGHER AMOUNTS.
16	SO CURRENTLY LET'S SAY THAT A
17	TRANSLATIONAL PROJECT IS SUBMITTING AN APPLICATION
18	TO CIRM WHERE THE TOTAL PROJECT COST IS \$4 MILLION.
19	IN OUR CURRENT PARADIGM THE APPLICANT CAN REQUEST
20	\$3.2 MILLON FROM CIRM. THIS IS A FOR-PROFIT
21	APPLICANT. THEY CAN REQUEST \$3.2 MILLON FROM CIRM
22	WITH THE EXPECTATION OF A \$4 MILLION DIRECT COST
23	AWARD LIMIT. BECAUSE THEY'RE REQUIRED TO PUT UP 20
24	PERCENT CO-FUNDING, THE AWARDEE WOULD HAVE TO COMMIT
25	\$800,000 AS THE CO-FUNDING AMOUNT ON THAT \$3.2

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1	MILLON CIRM AWARD TO COVER THAT TOTAL \$4 MILLION
2	TOTAL PROJECT COST.
3	IF THE CURRENT CO-FUNDING CHANGES ARE
4	APPROVED, THAT APPLICANT WOULD HAVE THE OPTION TO
5	TAKE THE WARRANT-BASED CO-FUNDING. SO IN THIS
6	PARTICULAR SCENARIO NOW, ON THE RIGHT SIDE WITH THE
7	LIGHT GRAY ROW, THE CIRM AWARD THE APPLICANT CAN
8	REQUEST UP TO \$4 MILLION, WHICH IS THE LIMIT OF THE
9	CIRM AWARD, TO COVER THE FULL \$4 MILLION OF THE
10	TOTAL PROJECT COST. THEY WOULD NOT HAVE TO PUT UP
11	THE CASH CO-FUNDING OF \$800,000; BUT SINCE CIRM PUT
12	UP THAT \$800,000 TO COVER THE PROJECT, THE AWARDEE
13	WOULD HAVE TO PROVIDE WARRANTS TO COVER THAT PORTION
14	OF THE CIRM AWARD, THE \$800,000 THAT CAN BE
15	ATTRIBUTED TO THE CO-FUNDING AMOUNT. SO HERE
16	BASICALLY THE WARRANT COVERAGE HAS TO REPRESENT
17	\$800,000.
18	SO IN THAT SECOND ROW, WHICH I'M NOT GOING
19	TO GO THROUGH, SIMPLY DESCRIBES HOW THIS WOULD APPLY
20	IN A CLIN2 SETTING WHERE THE DOLLAR AMOUNTS ARE
21	GENERALLY JUST HIGHER, AND YOU CAN SEE THAT IN THAT
22	TABLE DOWN THERE. BUT GENERALLY SPEAKING, THERE'S
23	GOING TO BE A SUBSET OF PROJECTS AND AWARDS WHERE
24	TAKING THE WARRANT-BASED CO-FUNDING OPTION IS
25	MEANINGFUL TO THE AWARDEE.

1	SO WHEN THIS WAS PRESENTED TO THE
2	COMMITTEE ABOUT A YEAR AGO, THERE WERE SEVERAL
3	POINTS THAT WERE RAISED. AND I'M GOING TO GO
4	THROUGH THOSE, AND I'LL ADDRESS DISEASE THEM ONE BY
5	ONE. SO IN DEVELOPING A PROPOSAL THAT MET THE
6	COMMITTEE'S EXPECTATIONS, WE TOOK A LOT OF THINGS
7	INTO CONSIDERATION, AND WE SOUGHT FEEDBACK FROM A
8	LOT OF DIFFERENT STAKEHOLDERS.

9 SO FIRST AND FOREMOST, BOTH STEVE AND MOHAMAD WERE STEADY PARTNERS AND ADVISORS ALONG THE 10 WHOLE PROCESS AS WE WERE DEVELOPING THIS AND MAKING 11 THE CHANGES THAT WERE NECESSARY. WE ALSO SOUGHT 12 13 FEEDBACK FROM VENTURE CAPITAL PARTNERS, FROM OUR 14 AWARDEES. WE ALSO WORKED WITH OUTSIDE COUNSEL TO 15 DEVELOP THE TERMS AND TO GET FEEDBACK ON LEGAL AS WELL AS TAX ITEMS. AND WE ALSO CONTRACTED WITH AN 16 17 ACCOUNTING FIRM, ELI ERNST & YOUNG, TO GET FEEDBACK ON THE ACCOUNTING IMPLICATIONS OF THESE TERMS. 18 AND 19 ALL THAT FEEDBACK HAS COALESCED INTO THE PLAN BEING 20 PROPOSED IN THE NEXT FEW SLIDES.

SO, NOW, IF YOU COME BACK AROUND TO THE
SUBCOMMITTEE'S SPECIFIC FEEDBACK AT THE PRIOR
MEETING, THERE WAS A NEED TO ENSURE THE
WARRANT-BASED CO-FUNDING COMMITMENT MEASURES UP TO
THE CASH-BASED CO-FUNDING COMMITMENT.

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1	THERE WAS ALSO A NEED TO DETERMINE IF
2	THERE IS A NECESSITY TO ALLOW THE AWARDEE TO BUY
3	BACK THE WARRANTS AFTER THE AWARD HAS ENDED. THIS
4	IS AN ANALOGOUS SORT OF SITUATION TO OUR CURRENT
5	LOAN CONVERSION PROGRAM, WHICH IS MEANT TO NOT BE A
6	BARRIER FOR PARTNERING IN COMMERCIALIZATION.
7	AND LASTLY WAS TO DEFINE COMPANY
8	ELIGIBILITY CRITERIA FOR ELECTION OF THE
9	WARRANT-BASED CO-FUNDING REQUIREMENT. SO IN THE
10	NEXT COUPLE SLIDES I'M GOING TO OUTLINE HOW WE'VE
11	ADDRESSED THIS FEEDBACK FROM THE COMMITTEE AND, AS I
12	NOTED, WITH FEEDBACK AND WORK FROM ALL THE DIFFERENT
13	STAKEHOLDERS. I'M GOING TO START WITH THE FIRST TWO
14	POINTS FIRST AND THEN GET TO THE THIRD POINT.
15	SO THIS IS GOING TO GET INTO THE WEEDS A
16	LITTLE BIT OF THE WARRANT TERMS. AND I DID HAVE
17	ANIMATION THAT WOULD HAVE MADE IT EASIER TO READ THE
18	SLIDES, BUT IT'S NOT WORKING. SO PLEASE BEAR WITH
19	ME. THERE'S GOING TO BE A LOT OF TEXT AND TABLES ON
20	THE NEXT FEW SLIDES, BUT I'M GOING TO TRY TO FOCUS
21	YOU ON THE RELEVANT POINTS AS BEST I CAN.
22	SO APPARENTLY IT'S GOING TO WORK ON THIS
23	SLIDE. SO GREAT. SO FIRST OF ALL, THE FOR-PROFIT
24	APPLICANT HAS TO ELECT THE WARRANT-BASED CO-FUNDING
25	OPTION AT THE TIME OF APPLICATION. AND THEY WILL
	19

1	HAVE A LOT OF INFORMATION TO MAKE THIS DECISION. SO
2	THEY WILL HAVE THE CIRM TERM SHEET, THEY'LL HAVE
3	FAQ'S, AND OTHER REFERENCE MATERIALS THAT WILL BE
4	POSTED WITH THE PA'S. AND THEN THE APPLICANT ALWAYS
5	HAS THE OPTION OF COMBINING THE WARRANT-BASED AND
6	CASH-BASED CO-FUNDING WHICH COULD MAKE SENSE IN
7	CERTAIN SCENARIOS.
8	SO COMMENSURATE WITH CIRM'S COMMITMENT OF
9	ITS AWARD UPFRONT. AND HERE IN THESE INSTANCES
10	WHERE THE WARRANT-BASED CO-FUNDING OPTION IS
11	SELECTED, WE ARE GIVING MORE MONEY TO THAT AWARDEE
12	AND COMMITTING THAT MONEY AS SOON AS THE BOARD
13	APPROVES THE AWARD. WE EXPECT THAT THE AWARDEE WILL
14	ISSUE ITS WARRANTS TO CIRM AT THE AWARD START.
15	AND LASTLY, ON THIS PARTICULAR POINT,
16	THERE WILL BE NO MECHANISM FOR BUYING BACK WARRANTS
17	DURING OR AFTER THE AWARD PERIOD. SO ONCE WARRANTS
18	HAVE BEEN ISSUED TO CIRM, IT IS TO CIRM'S
19	DECISION-MAKING AS TO WHEN THOSE WARRANTS ARE
20	EXERCISED, IF AT ALL, OR IF THEY'RE SOLD. AND WE
21	SOUGHT A LOT OF FEEDBACK ON THIS PARTICULAR POINT.
22	AND UNIVERSALLY WE WERE ADVISED THAT INVESTORS,
23	ACQUIRERS, AND EVEN COMPANIES WHEN THEY GO PUBLIC
24	ARE ABLE TO ACCOUNT FOR ANY WARRANTS THAT THEY MAY
25	HAVE. AND, THUS, THERE WAS A VERY LOW RISK OF

20

1	WARRANTS TO CIRM BEING A BOTTLENECK FOR PARTNERING
2	IN COMMERCIALIZATION OF THESE PROGRAMS OR THESE
3	COMPANIES.
4	AND IT ALSO DEMONSTRATES THE COMMITMENT IN
5	THIS PARTICULAR INSTANCE THAT'S ROUGHLY EQUIVALENT
6	TO THE CO-FUNDING COMMITMENT.
7	SO THIS IS WHERE WE GET INTO THE WEEDS A
8	LITTLE BIT WITH THE WARRANT TERMS. SO IN ORDER FOR
9	A COMPANY TO BE ABLE TO ISSUE WARRANTS AT THE AWARD
10	START, WE HAVE TO ACCOUNT FOR THE THREE TYPES OF
11	COMPANIES THAT USUALLY APPLY TO CIRM. AND THAT'S
12	WHAT WE HAVE LAID OUT IN THIS CHART HERE. I'M GOING
13	TO GO OVER SOME OF THE TERMS AND EXPLAIN THEM, AND
14	THEN I RESERVED ONE PARTICULAR IMPORTANT TERM FOR
15	THE NEXT SLIDE.
16	SO I'M GOING TO START WITH THE LEFT COLUMN
17	FIRST, THE PRIVATE COMPANY. SO THESE ARE GOING TO
18	BE THERE'S TWO TYPES OF PRIVATE COMPANIES THAT
19	APPLY TO CIRM. AND THE FIRST IS COMPANIES THAT ARE
20	VERY EARLY STAGE. SO THEY HAVE NOT ISSUED ANY
21	PREFERRED SHARES. SO THEY HAVE NOT RAISED ANY
22	PREFERRED SHARE FINANCING. FOR SIMPLICITY, WE CAN
23	ASSUME A VENTURE-BACKED FINANCING. IN THIS
24	PARTICULAR INSTANCE, WE NEEDED TO FIND A WAY FOR
25	THESE COMPANIES TO BE ABLE TO ISSUE WARRANTS TO CIRM

1	AT THE AWARD START. SO THE SECURITY TYPE HERE WOULD
2	BE A COMMON STOCK WARRANT. AND TO ENSURE
3	CONSISTENCY ACROSS THESE VERY YOUNG COMPANIES, WE
4	WOULD PEG THE NUMBER OF SHARES THAT THEY'RE ALLOWED
5	TO ISSUE TO US AS ONE SHARE FOR EVERY DOLLAR OF THE
6	CIRM AWARD AMOUNT THAT IS A ATTRIBUTED TO THE
7	CO-FUNDING. SO IN THAT PRIOR EXAMPLE, \$800,000
8	WOULD BE 800,000 SHARES.
9	NOW, WE DO RESERVE THE RIGHT TO MAKE
10	MODIFICATIONS TO THIS FORMULA IF A COMPANY'S
11	PARTICULAR SITUATION WARRANTS IT. AND THEN THE
12	WARRANT TERM HERE WILL BE TEN YEARS. AND THIS IS TO
13	BE ABLE TO HOLD THE WARRANTS LONG ENOUGH TO REALIZE
14	A RETURN ON A LIQUIDITY EVENT; FOR EXAMPLE, A
15	MERGER, ACQUISITION, OR AND IPO, INITIAL PUBLIC
16	OFFERING.
17	IN THIS PARTICULAR SITUATION, TO HARMONIZE
18	IT WITH THE REST OF THE PRIVATE COMPANIES, CIRM
19	WOULD RESERVE THE OPTION TO CONVERT THE COMMON STOCK
20	WARRANTS TO PREFERRED STOCK WARRANTS AT THE NEXT
21	PREFERRED SHARE FINANCING. AND THIS IS TO ENSURE
22	THAT IF THAT DOES RETURN THE VALUE TO CIRM, THAT WE
23	WOULD TAKE THAT OPTION. SO THIS WOULD BE AN
24	INSTANCE WHERE A PREFERRED STOCK PRICE IS MUCH LOWER
25	THAN THE FORMULA THAT WE WOULD USE FOR THE COMMON

22

1	STOCK NUMBER OF SHARES, AND THAT WOULD GIVE US AN
2	OPTION TO CONVERT IT TO THE PREFERRED STOCK WARRANT
3	TO GET THE APPROPRIATE VALUE FOR CIRM AS THE SAME
4	VALUE AS THE INVESTORS WHO WERE PUTTING INTO THAT
5	COMPANY AT THAT TIME.
6	SO I'M GOING TO NOW SWITCH TO THE MIDDLE
7	COLUMN, WHICH IS THE PRIVATE COMPANIES THAT HAVE
8	ISSUED PREFERRED SHARES. SO THEY HAD SOME SORT OF
9	PREFERRED SHARE FINANCING. THIS REPRESENTS THE
10	MAJORITY OF COMPANIES THAT ARE FUNDED BY CIRM. SO
11	IN THIS PARTICULAR INSTANCE, THE SECURITY TYPE WOULD
12	BE A PREFERRED STOCK. AND SO IT WOULD BE A
13	PREFERRED STOCK WARRANT. AND THE NUMBER OF SHARES
14	WOULD BE A FAIRLY SIMPLE CALCULATION HERE WHERE WE
15	WOULD TAKE THE AMOUNT OF THE CIRM AWARD THAT IS
16	ATTRIBUTED TO THE CO-FUNDING, SO IN THAT PRIOR
17	EXAMPLE \$800,000, AND WE WOULD DIVIDE THAT BY THE
18	PREFERRED SHARE PRICE OF THE MOST RECENT EQUITY
19	FINANCING. SO IF, LET'S SAY, PREFERRED SHARE PRICE,
20	FOR SIMPLICITY SAKE, WAS 1 , THAT'S HOW MUCH THE
21	INVESTORS PAID FOR THE PREFERRED SHARES. IN THAT
22	PARTICULAR INSTANCE, THAT WOULD DETERMINE HOW MANY
23	SHARES WE WOULD GET. SO \$800,000 OF CIRM FUNDING
24	WOULD RESULT AT A 1 PREFERRED SHARE PRICE WOULD BE
25	800,000 PREFERRED SHARE STOCK.

1	THE WARRANT TERM HERE REMAINS THE SAME,
2	TEN YEARS. AND THERE IS NO NEED FOR A CIRM OPTION,
3	SO NONE EXISTS.
4	AND LASTLY IS THE PUBLIC COMPANY. AND SO
5	IF A PUBLIC COMPANY WERE TO APPLY TO CIRM AND WANTED
6	TO ELECT THE WARRANT-BASED OPTION, IN THIS
7	PARTICULAR INSTANCE WE'D GO BACK TO A COMMON STOCK
8	WARRANT. AND THE FORMULA FOR DETERMINING HOW MANY
9	SHARES CIRM WOULD GET WOULD BE BASED ON THE AMOUNT
10	OF MONEY THAT CIRM IS AMOUNT OF THE CIRM AWARD
11	THAT'S ATTRIBUTED TO THE CO-FUNDING AMOUNT DIVIDED
12	BY THE AVERAGE CLOSING PRICE OF THAT COMPANY'S STOCK
13	OVER A NUMBER OF DAYS. AND THAT FORMULA IS
14	DESCRIBED DOWN BELOW. IT'S BASICALLY TAKING THE
15	AVERAGE OVER A TEN-DAY TRADING PERIOD ENDING FIVE
16	DAYS PRIOR TO THE DATE OF EXERCISE. AND THOSE ARE
17	FAIRLY STANDARD TERMS FOR A COMMON STOCK WARRANT IN
18	A PUBLIC COMPANY.
19	SO THAT'S THE SCHEMATIC THAT WOULD ALLOW
20	FOR ALL TYPES OF COMPANIES TO ISSUE WARRANTS TO CIRM
21	AT THE START OF THE AWARD. NOW, WHAT MAKES THESE
22	WARRANTS ROUGHLY EQUIVALENT TO THE CO-FUNDING
23	REQUIREMENT IS THE FACT THAT THE COMPANIES ARE
24	REQUIRED TO ISSUE THOSE WARRANTS AT THE START OF THE
25	CIRM AWARD, BUT THERE'S NO REAL MECHANISM FOR THEM

1	TO BUY BACK THOSE WARRANTS LATER ON. AND THE LAST
2	PART OF THAT IS THE COST OF THE PREFUNDED WARRANT.
3	AND I'M GOING TO DESCRIBE THIS AS TO WHY
4	THIS IS RELEVANT IN THIS PARTICULAR SCENARIO, BUT
5	THE ONE PART THAT WAS LEFT OUT OF THE PREVIOUS SLIDE
6	WAS THE EXERCISE PRICE. SO BY WAY OF BACKGROUND,
7	WHEN WARRANTS ARE ISSUED TO A WARRANT HOLDER, THEY
8	ARE ESSENTIALLY A RIGHT TO BUY STOCK IN THAT
9	COMPANY. AND THERE'S A SPECIFIC PRICE ASSOCIATED
10	WITH BUYING THAT STOCK, AND THAT'S CALLED THE
11	EXERCISE PRICE. AND THAT COULD BE SET AT ANY NUMBER
12	OF THINGS. IN CIRM SITUATIONS IT'S SET AT A PENNY,
13	AND THEY CALL THAT A PREFUNDED WARRANT. AND THAT IS
14	WHAT WOULD BE THE TERMS FOR A CIRM AWARD.
15	AND SO WHAT THIS ESSENTIALLY DOES IS THAT
16	IT VALUES THAT CIRM CAPITAL THAT WENT INTO THAT
17	AWARD THAT IS ATTRIBUTED TO THE CO-FUNDING AMOUNT
18	SIMILARLY TO INVESTOR CAPITAL IN THE COMPANY. AND
19	I'LL DESCRIBE THAT IN THIS HYPOTHETICAL AND VERY
20	SIMPLE SCENARIO DOWN BELOW.
21	SO IN THIS SCENARIO LET'S ASSUME THAT WE
22	ARE TALKING ABOUT A PRIVATE COMPANY WHO HAD ISSUED
23	PREFERRED STOCK WARRANTS TO CIRM. AND TO KEEP THE
24	MATH SIMPLE, THE CO-FUNDING COVERAGE WAS \$1 MILLION.
25	SO ESSENTIALLY THEY ELECTED TO ISSUE WARRANTS TO

1	CIRM TO COVER THAT \$1 MILLION. SO HOW WOULD THIS BE
2	CALCULATED? SO AT THE TIME THE WARRANTS WERE
3	ISSUED, WE WOULD TAKE THE PREFERRED SHARE PRICE, SO
4	THE MOST RECENT EQUITY FINANCING, WHICH IN THIS
5	SCENARIO IS 1 , WE WOULD TAKE HOW MUCH WAS THE
6	CO-FUNDING COVERAGE FROM CIRM, \$1 MILLION. THAT
7	WOULD RESULT IN ONE MILLION SHARES.
8	NOW, WHAT I HAVE ON THIS TABLE IS THE
9	EFFECT OF THE EXERCISE PRICE BEING A PENNY. AND ON
10	THE RIGHT COLUMN IS THE EFFECT OF THE EXERCISE PRICE
11	BEING WHAT WE PREVIOUSLY PROPOSED TO YOU A YEAR AGO
12	AND WHAT WAS PART OF THE LOAN PROGRAM, WHICH IS
13	WHERE THE EXERCISE PRICE IS SET AT THE PREFERRED
14	SHARE PRICE AT THE TIME OF THE ISSUANCE OF THE
15	WARRANT, IN THIS CASE \$1.
16	SO WHEN IT COMES TIME TO EXERCISE THESE
17	WARRANTS DOWN THE ROAD, WHAT WOULD IT COST CIRM OR
18	WHOEVER THE WARRANTS WERE SOLD TO? SO IN THE
19	PREFUNDED WARRANT SCENARIO, IT WOULD COST \$10,000 TO
20	EXERCISE THE WARRANTS TO GET THE ONE MILLION SHARES.
21	IN THE LOAN PROGRAM TERMS WHERE THE EXERCISE PRICE
22	WAS A DOLLAR, IT WOULD BE A MILLION DOLLARS. SO
23	WHAT'S THE TRUE COST OF THIS NOW? SO WE WOULD ADD
24	UP HOW MUCH CO-FUNDING CIRM PUT IN PLUS THE EXERCISE
25	COST. AND FOR THE PREFUNDED WARRANTS, THAT'S

26

 MILLION TEN THOUSAND, WHICH IS ROUGHLY EQUIVALENT T WHAT THE INVESTORS ORIGINALLY PAID AT THAT TIME WHE THEY INVESTED IN THAT COMPANY FOR THE PREFERRED SHARES THAT ARE THE SAME ONES THAT CIRM WOULD EXERCISE TO GET ACCESS TO. SO THAT'S WHAT I MEANT WHEN I INDICATED THAT IT'S SIMILAR TO INVESTOR 	
3 THEY INVESTED IN THAT COMPANY FOR THE PREFERRED 4 SHARES THAT ARE THE SAME ONES THAT CIRM WOULD 5 EXERCISE TO GET ACCESS TO. SO THAT'S WHAT I MEANT	Ν
4 SHARES THAT ARE THE SAME ONES THAT CIRM WOULD 5 EXERCISE TO GET ACCESS TO. SO THAT'S WHAT I MEANT	
5 EXERCISE TO GET ACCESS TO. SO THAT'S WHAT I MEANT	
6 WHEN I INDICATED THAT IT'S SIMILAR TO INVESTOR	
7 CAPITAL IN A COMPANY.	
8 ON THE OTHER HAND, IF THE EXERCISE PRICE	
9 IS \$1, THE EFFECTIVE COST OF THOSE SHARES WOULD BE	
10 \$2 MILLION BECAUSE THERE WAS THE ORIGINAL CIRM	
11 CO-FUNDED AWARD AMOUNT PLUS THE EXERCISE COST OF A	
12 MILLION DOLLARS.	
13 NOW, IN MOST INSTANCES, IF THE WARRANTS	
14 ARE IN THE MONEY, ESSENTIALLY WHAT THAT MEANS IS	
15 THAT THE CURRENT VALUE OF THE SHARES IS ABOVE THE	
16 EXERCISE PRICE, AND EXERCISING AND LIQUIDATING WOUL	D
17 RESULT IN A RETURN. THE APPROPRIATE ELECTION MAY B	Ε
18 TO DO A CASHLESS EXERCISE. ESSENTIALLY THE NUMBER	
19 OF SHARES ISSUED BY THE COMPANY TO CIRM ACCOUNTS FO	R
20 THE COST OF BUYING THOSE SHARES. SO TO KEEP IT	
21 SIMPLE, I'M GOING TO DO A \$5 SHARE PRICE AT THE TIM	Е
22 THAT THE WARRANTS WERE AT THE TIME THAT THE	
23 WARRANTS WERE EXERCISED.	
24 IN THIS SCENARIO, UNDER THE PREFUNDED	
25 WARRANTS, THE NUMBER OF SHARES THAT CIRM WOULD GET	
27	

1	IS 998,000 SHARES TO THE WARRANT HOLDER. AND TO
2	CONFIRM THE MATH HERE, IT'S 2,000 SHARES TIMES \$5 IS
3	\$10,000, THE COST TO EXERCISE. ON THE OTHER HAND,
4	WITH THE EXERCISE PRICE BEING AT A DOLLAR, IT WOULD
5	BE 800,000 SHARES. AND, AGAIN, TO CONFIRM THE MATH,
6	IT WOULD BE 200,000 TIMES \$5 TO GET TO THE MILLION.
7	SO THE POINT OF THIS IS THAT BY USING THE
8	PREFUNDED WARRANT MECHANISM, THERE'S BETTER VALUE
9	FOR THE WARRANTS. THAT IS COMMENSURATE, AGAIN, WITH
10	THE CO-FUNDING COMMITMENT FOR THIS PARTICULAR AWARD.
11	AND THAT'S THE MAIN TAKEAWAY FROM THIS SLIDE AND MY
12	LONG EXPLANATION.
13	SO I'M GOING TO QUICKLY NOW COVER THE
14	ELIGIBILITY REQUIREMENTS, WHICH WAS ANOTHER
15	DIRECTIVE FROM THE SUBCOMMITTEE. SO BEFORE I DO
16	THAT, I DO WANT TO QUICKLY TOUCH ON WHAT OUR CURRENT
17	SOLVENCY AND CO-FUNDING REQUIREMENTS ARE FOR ALL
18	FOR-PROFIT APPLICANTS. SO ANY TIME A COMPANY
19	APPLIES TO CIRM, THEY ARE SUBJECT TO ELIGIBILITY
20	REQUIREMENTS FOR SOLVENCY AND CO-FUNDING. SO WHAT
21	DO WE MEAN BY THE SOLVENCY REQUIREMENT?
22	SO WHEN THEY APPLY TO CIRM, THEY HAVE TO
23	DEMONSTRATE THAT THEY HAVE ENOUGH CASH ON HAND OR
24	COMMITTED FUNDING TO COVER THE OPERATIONAL COSTS FOR
25	A 180 DAYS BEYOND THE DATE OF APPLICATION
	28

1	SUBMISSION. AND THE MAIN REASON FOR THIS IS BECAUSE
2	WE ARE USING TAXPAYER FUNDS TO REVIEW THE
3	APPLICATIONS OF THESE COMPANIES, THEY NEED TO BE
4	AROUND BY THE TIME A DECISION HAS BEEN MADE.
5	SECONDLY, IF THEY HAVE TO COMMIT
6	CO-FUNDING AND CONTINGENCY FUNDING FOR THAT PROJECT,
7	AT THE TIME OF APPLICATION, THEY MUST DEMONSTRATE
8	HOW THEY'RE GOING TO USE ANY CASH ON HAND, ANY
9	COMMITTED FUNDING, AND ANY PLANNED FUND-RAISING TO
10	MEET THOSE CO-FUNDING REQUIREMENTS, AND WE EVALUATE
11	ALL OF THAT AT THE TIME OF APPLICATION SUBMISSION.
12	NOW, OVER THE COURSE OF THE AWARD, THE
13	CO-FUNDING REQUIREMENT IS CHECKED. SO THEY MUST
14	INDICATE THE AMOUNT THAT THEY SPENT ON CO-FUNDING
15	FOR ANY GIVEN MILESTONE BECAUSE THE CO-FUNDING IS IN
16	LOCKSTEP WITH THE CIRM FUNDING. SECONDLY, THEY MUST
17	PROVIDE EVIDENCE OF THEIR ABILITY TO CO-FUND THE
18	NEXT MILESTONE. SO THOSE ARE THE AWARD REPORTING
19	REQUIREMENTS THAT THEY'RE SUBJECT TO OVER THE COURSE
20	OF A TRAN OR A CLIN AWARD.
21	SO WITH THAT AS BACKGROUND, WE WOULD NEED
22	TO APPLY RELEVANT ADDITIONAL ELIGIBILITY FOR AWARD
23	REPORTING REQUIREMENTS FOR THE COMPANIES THAT SELECT
24	THE WARRANT-BASED CO-FUNDING OPTION. SO THIS TABLE
25	HERE IS ONLY DESCRIBING TO YOU THE ADDITIONAL

1	REQUIREMENTS, NOT ALL THE REQUIREMENTS, CO-FUNDING,
2	SOLVENCY. ANY WARRANT REQUIREMENTS THAT ARE SUBJECT
3	TO ALL AWARDEES STILL APPLY. THIS IS JUST TO
4	DESCRIBE THE ADDITIVE WARRANT-BASED CO-FUNDING
5	REQUIREMENT.
6	SO, AGAIN, I'M SPLITTING OUT BY THE THREE
7	COMPANIES. SO WE'LL START WITH THE EARLIEST STAGE
8	COMPANY. WHEN THEY APPLY TO CIRM, THEY HAVE NOT
9	RAISED A SIGNIFICANT ROUND OF FINANCING AT THAT
10	POINT. SO WHEN THEY SUBMIT THE APPLICATION, THE
11	ELIGIBILITY CRITERIA WILL REQUIRE THEM TO PROVIDE US
12	A DETAILED FUND-RAISING PLAN THAT OUTLINES HOW MUCH
13	MONEY THEY PLAN TO RAISE, WHAT SORT OF FINANCING
14	THEY'RE LOOKING TO DO, AND WHETHER THEY HAVE ANY
15	COMMITMENT SO FAR, AND HOW DO THEY JUSTIFY RAISING
16	THAT AMOUNT AND THE AMOUNT THEY DESCRIBED.
17	NOW, AT THE TIME OF THE AWARD START, THAT
18	AWARDEE WOULD BE REQUIRED TO ISSUE THE COMMON STOCK
19	WARRANT TO CIRM AS PREVIOUSLY MENTIONED. AND OVER
20	THE AWARD PERIOD, THEY WOULD HAVE TO NOTIFY CIRM IF
21	THEY HAD A PREFERRED SHARE ISSUANCE; FOR EXAMPLE, IF
22	THEY RAISED THE PREFERRED SHARE FINANCING BECAUSE
23	THAT ALLOWS US TO ELECT TO TAKE OUR OPTION TO
24	CONVERT THE WARRANTS TO PREFERRED SHARES. AND
25	SECONDLY, BECAUSE THESE ARE YOUNG COMPANIES THAT ARE

30

1	GOING TO BE ENACTING ON A FUND-RAISING PLAN, THE
2	CIRM BUSINESS DEVELOPMENT TEAM WILL UTILIZE THE
3	INDUSTRY ALLIANCE PROGRAM TO ASSIST THIS COMPANY'S
4	FUND-RAISING EFFORT AS NEEDED. AND SO
5	THAT'S WHEREAS, WE USUALLY WILL HELP COMPANIES
6	WHEN THEY ASK US. IN THIS PARTICULAR INSTANCE,
7	WE'LL BE MORE PROACTIVE IN WORKING WITH THESE
8	COMPANIES THAT ARE AT A VERY EARLY STAGE.
9	I DO WANT TO BE CLEAR HERE THERE IS NO
10	REQUIREMENT THAT THEY CLOSE THAT FUND-RAISING ROUND
11	DURING THE COURSE OF THE AWARD. THAT WOULD
12	BE THERE ARE LOTS OF INSTANCES WHERE THEY MAY
13	RAISE A FUND-RAISING THAT DOES NOT RESULT IN A
14	PREFERRED SHARE FINANCING AND ALSO THAT THERE COULD
15	BE CIRCUMSTANCES ALSO OUT OF THE COMPANY'S CONTROL.
16	AND SO ESSENTIALLY THE ELIGIBILITY REQUIREMENTS TELL
17	US PROVIDE A REASONABLE PLAN TO KEEP THE COMPANY
18	GOING FORWARD AND THEN TO ISSUE THE COMMON STOCK
19	WARRANT TO CIRM AT AWARD START.
20	FOR THE PRIVATE COMPANY THAT HAS HAD A
21	PREFERRED SHARE FINANCING, THE ELIGIBILITY CRITERIA
22	WOULD BE TELL US YOUR FUND-RAISING HISTORY, CONFIRM
23	THAT YOU DID RAISE SUCH A ROUND, AND THEN PROVIDE A
24	LETTER OF SUPPORT FOR THE CIRM PROJECT FROM THE LEAD
25	INVESTOR. AND SO THIS IS A CONFIRMATION TO CIRM
	21

1	THAT THE INVESTORS AND THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF
2	THAT COMPANY ARE COMMITTED TO THE PROJECT THAT IS
3	BEING PROPOSED TO CIRM.
4	AT THE TIME OF THE AWARD START, THEY WOULD
5	ISSUE A PREFERRED STOCK WARRANT TO CIRM AS
6	PREVIOUSLY DESCRIBED. AND THEN, LASTLY THEY
7	WOULD HAVE NO SPECIFIC AWARD PERIOD REQUIREMENTS
8	THAT HAVE TO DO WITH THE WARRANT-BASED CO-FUNDING.
9	LASTLY, ON THE PUBLIC COMPANY, THERE'S NO
10	ELIGIBILITY REQUIREMENT SPECIFIC TO WARRANT-BASED
11	CO-FUNDING; BUT AT THE TIME OF THE AWARD START, THEY
12	WOULD STILL HAVE TO ISSUE TO CIRM THE COMMON STOCK
13	WARRANT. AND THERE ARE NO AWARD PERIOD REQUIREMENTS
14	THAT ARE SPECIFIC TO THE WARRANT-BASED CO-FUNDING
15	REQUIREMENT FOR THESE COMPANIES.
16	THAT'S A LOT OF INFORMATION, AND WE'LL GET
17	TO IT AGAIN IF NEEDED DURING THE Q AND A PROCESS.
18	SO ALMOST DONE. JUST A COUPLE MORE SLIDES. IF THIS
19	PROGRAM IS SUCCESSFUL AND IT IS HELPFUL TO
20	COMPANIES, THERE WILL BE A PORTFOLIO WARRANT FOR
21	CIRM TO MANAGE. SO HOW IS THIS GOING TO BE DONE?
22	SO I'M BRIEFLY DESCRIBING THAT HERE.
23	SO FIRST AND FOREMOST IS TO NEGOTIATE AND
24	ISSUE THE WARRANTS TO THOSE COMPANIES UPFRONT.
25	NEGOTIATE AND HAVE THE WARRANTS ISSUED TO CIRM FROM
	32

1	THOSE COMPANIES. SO THIS IS GOING TO BE MANAGED BY
2	THE CIRM TEAM WITH SUPPORT FROM OUR OUTSIDE COUNSEL.
3	ALSO, WHEN YOU HAVE PORTFOLIO WARRANTS,
4	THERE'S GOING TO BE COMPLIANCE MONITORING. THERE'S
5	GOING TO BE KEEPING TRACK OF THE COMPANIES. THERE
6	MAY BE ROUTINE SORT OF ADJUSTMENTS OR AGREEMENTS,
7	CHANGES TO THEIR CAPITALIZATION OF THE COMPANY THAT
8	NEED TO BE MANAGED AND REVIEWED, AND THOSE WILL BE
9	DONE BY THE OUTSIDE COUNSEL AS WELL ALONG WITH
10	SUPPORT FROM CIRM LEGAL COUNSEL.
11	AND, LASTLY, IF THERE IS THE OPPORTUNITY
12	TO EXERCISE THE WARRANT UPON A LIQUIDITY EVENT, THIS
13	WILL BE DONE THROUGH A FUND MANAGED BY CALIFORNIA
14	COMMUNITY FOUNDATION. THIS IS SIMILAR TO WHAT WAS
15	PREVIOUSLY DONE WITH CIRM WARRANTS THAT WERE ISSUED
16	AS PART OF THE LOAN PROGRAM. SO THAT FUND WOULD
17	EXERCISE THE WARRANT, IT WOULD LIQUIDATE THE SHARES,
18	AND THEN TRANSFER THE CASH PROCEEDS TO CIRM. AND SO
19	AS PART OF OUR DUE DILIGENCE EFFORT IN THE PAST FEW
20	MONTHS, WE HAVE REVIEWED PROPOSALS AND FEE
21	STRUCTURES FROM THE LEADING CALIFORNIA COMMUNITY
22	FOUNDATIONS AND ARE PREPARED TO MOVE FORWARD WITH
23	THE LEADING CANDIDATE IF THIS PROGRAM IS APPROVED.
24	AND WE'VE ARRIVED AT THE LAST SLIDE. AND
25	JUST TO KIND OF RECAP THE PROCESS FOR THIS. SO IF
	33

1	THIS COMMITTEE RECOMMENDS THE CO-FUNDING CHANGES IN
2	THIS MEETING, THEN THESE WILL BE WRAPPED UP INTO
3	OTHER CONCEPT PLAN CHANGES THAT ARE PLANNED FOR THE
4	TRANSLATION, CLINICAL, CLIN1 AND CLIN2 PROGRAMS,
5	WHICH WOULD ALL GO TO THE SCIENCE SUBCOMMITTEE FOR
6	REVIEW AT THE END OF THIS MONTH. AND IF THOSE ARE
7	RECOMMENDED BY THE SCIENCE SUBCOMMITTEE, THOSE
8	CONCEPT PLAN CHANGES WOULD THEN GO TO THE BOARD IN
9	DECEMBER FOR APPROVAL. AND THE CONCEPT PLAN IS
10	SIMPLY GOING TO DESCRIBE THE WARRANT-BASED
11	CO-FUNDING OPTION AS WELL AS THE MODIFIED CO-FUNDING
12	REQUIREMENT FOR NON-PROFITS, AND THE WARRANT TERM
13	SHEET WE PROVIDE AS REFERENCE FOR THAT. IT IS NOT
14	SOMETHING THAT WE EXPECT WOULD BE IN DETAIL BY
15	EITHER OF THOSE COMMITTEES.
16	SO WITH THAT, I'M GOING TO TAKE A PAUSE,
17	TAKE A SIP OF WATER, AND ANSWER ANY QUESTIONS YOU
18	HAVE.
19	CHAIRMAN JUELSGAARD: BEFORE WE HAVE ANY
20	QUESTIONS, SHYAM, THANK YOU FOR THAT SIMPLE, YET
21	COMPREHENSIVE PRESENTATION, AS HE SAYS TONGUE IN
22	CHEEK.
23	ANY QUESTIONS FROM ANYBODY? MICHAEL.
24	DR. STAMOS: I THINK THAT WAS FANTASTIC
25	AND REALLY ELEGANT. I LIKED A LOT OF IT. I LIKE
	34

1	ALMOST ALL OF IT. I JUST HAD A QUESTION ABOUT THE
2	NOT-FOR-PROFIT. AND YOU MENTIONED, I THINK, THAT
3	THE CURRENT APPROACH IS NOT ATTRACTIVE TO, IF YOU
4	WOULD, INVESTORS OR PRIVATE COMPANIES, RIGHT, OR
5	CREATING PRIVATE COMPANIES. AND I JUST WORRY ABOUT
6	WHAT WOULD BE THE UNINTENDED CONSEQUENCES OF THIS
7	CHANGE FOR THE NOT-PROFITS; I.E., WILL IT ACTUALLY
8	DISINCENTIVIZE, IF YOU WOULD, THEM TAKING A PRIVATE
9	OR A HAVING A PRIVATE INVESTMENT BECAUSE THEY COULD
10	JUST SIT BACK AND SAY, WAIT A MINUTE, THEY CAN GET
11	FULL FUNDING WITHOUT WARRANTS FROM CIRM IF THEY
12	DON'T HAVE AN INVESTOR.
13	DR. PATEL: THAT'S A GOOD QUESTION. SO
14	ARE YOU SPEAKING SPECIFICALLY TO THE 40-PERCENT
15	CO-FUNDING REQUIREMENT FOR THE LATER STAGE TRIALS?
16	DR. STAMOS: CORRECT, YES.
17	DR. PATEL: YEAH. AND SO IN THOSE
18	INSTANCES, I'LL SAY THAT RIGHT NOW THE \$15 MILLION
19	IS GOING TO ALLOW THEM TO CONTINUE CLINICAL
20	PROGRESS, BUT EVENTUALLY THEY'RE STILL GOING TO NEED
21	A PARTNER TO COMMERCIALIZE IN THE TRADITIONAL SORT
22	OF BIOPHARMA MODEL THAT WE OPERATE IN RIGHT NOW FOR
23	LATE STAGE CLINICAL DEVELOPMENT AND APPROVAL AND
24	COMMERCIALIZATION.
25	AND RIGHT NOW WHAT WE ARE SAYING IS THAT
	35

1	IT'S NOT ACTUALLY INCENTIVIZING THE PARTNER TO COME
2	IN. ALL RIGHT. SO IT'S NOT ON THE FLIP SIDE OF, I
3	GUESS, DEMAND FROM THE NON-PROFIT AND SUPPLY FROM
4	THE PARTNER SIDE. IT'S NOT ACTUALLY INCENTIVIZING
5	AN INVESTOR OR A COMPANY TO SAY, OH, THERE'S A
6	40-PERCENT CO-FUNDING REQUIREMENT, SO I SHOULD
7	PARTNER WITH THIS PROGRAM. SO THAT'S KIND OF WHY
8	THE INTENT IS NOT BEING MET.
9	WITH RESPECT TO WHETHER THAT INCENTIVIZES
10	ACADEMIC PROGRAMS TO CONTINUE KEEPING THAT IN-HOUSE
11	RATHER THAN SHIPPING IT OUT, THE COMMENT I WOULD
12	MAKE TO THAT IS THAT IF THE GRANTS WORKING GROUP
13	BELIEVES THAT THE PROPOSAL THAT THEY'RE REVIEWING IS
14	GOING TO SIGNIFICANTLY PROGRESS THAT PROGRAM
15	CLINICALLY AND SCIENTIFICALLY AND FURTHER DERISK IT
16	FOR FUTURE INVESTMENT, I THINK THAT IS OF VALUE TO
17	CIRM.
18	DR. STAMOS: NO, I GET THAT PART. I GUESS
19	I'M WORRIED THAT THIS APPROACH WILL ACTUALLY NOT
20	ONLY WILL NOT INCENTIVIZE IT, IT WILL DISINCENTIVIZE
21	THAT PARTNERSHIP BECAUSE OF THE OPPORTUNITY TO GET
22	THE FUNDING WITHOUT THE WARRANTS. THAT'S MY POINT
23	IF THAT MAKES SENSE.
24	DR. PATEL: YEAH, IT DOES.
25	CHAIRMAN JUELSGAARD: CAN I JUST SPEAK TO
	36

1	THAT REALLY BRIEFLY, MICHAEL? I THINK THERE'S A
2	LINE TO BE WALKED HERE. I HEAR WHAT YOU'RE SAYING.
3	BUT THE ISSUE IS REALLY IT'S KIND OF WHERE IS
4	THIS RARE DISEASE LINE ON ONE SIDE OF WHICH
5	COMMERCIAL COMPANIES JUST DON'T FIND IT INTERESTING
6	TO GET INVOLVED BECAUSE THEY DON'T SEE AN ECONOMIC
7	RETURN THAT JUSTIFIES THE AMOUNT THAT THEY'D HAVE TO
8	INVEST AND THE AMOUNT OF WORK THEY'D HAVE TO DO.
9	THERE ARE, HOWEVER, RARE DISEASES ON WHICH COMPANIES
10	WILL GET INVOLVED OR WHATEVER. AND IT'S HARD TO
11	KNOW AHEAD OF THE FACT WHICH SIDE OF THAT LINE ANY
12	PARTICULAR DISEASE AND ITS THERAPY MIGHT LIE.
13	SO I THINK THE WAY WE'VE STRUCK THIS IS,
14	BECAUSE WE ARE REALLY INTERESTED IN SEEING THERAPIES
15	FOR THESE DISEASES COME FORWARD AND BE DEVELOPED AND
16	SERVE THE PUBLIC, THAT WE'VE ERRED ON THAT SIDE OF
17	PROMOTING SCIENCE AS OPPOSED TO WORRYING
18	PARTICULARLY ABOUT FINDING PARTNERS AND GETTING A
19	RETURN THAT WAY. THERE IS ALWAYS THE RETURN THAT
20	SHYAM REFERRED TO IN TERMS OF ROYALTY ON SALES THAT
21	LIES AT THE BACK OF THIS. BUT I DO BELIEVE AND
22	THERE'S A CONFERENCE NEXT WEEK HERE IN SOUTH SAN
23	FRANCISCO TO TALK ABOUT RARE DISEASES AND THEIR
24	FUTURE. WE ARE GOING TO SEE ACTUALLY ACADEMIC
25	CENTERS THAT ARE GOING TO WIND UP HAVING TO BE THE

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1	PROVIDERS OF CERTAIN THERAPEUTIC MODALITIES IN RARE
2	DISEASE AREAS SIMPLY BECAUSE COMMERCIAL ENTERPRISES
3	AREN'T GOING TO BE WILLING TO STEP FORWARD AND DO
4	THAT.
5	SO THAT'S I HEAR YOU AND AGREE THAT
6	THAT'S AN ISSUE, BUT WE HAVE TO DECIDE ONE WAY OR
7	THE OTHER, AND THIS IS KIND OF WHAT WE THOUGHT WOULD
8	BE THE BEST SOLUTION.
9	DR. STAMOS: THANK YOU. THAT'S A GREAT
10	EXPLANATION. THANK YOU.
11	DR. PATEL: AND TO THAT I WOULD ALSO ADD.
12	STEVE COVERED THE RARE DISEASE SIDE. ALL THOSE
13	ACADEMIC PROGRAMS THAT WE CURRENTLY FUND ALL HAVE
14	MADE SIGNIFICANT AND GOOD FAITH EFFORTS TO PARTNER.
15	AND BECAUSE OF THE WAY THE MARKET IS AT THE MOMENT,
16	IT'S DIFFICULT.
17	THE OTHER WAY I WOULD ALSO ANSWER YOUR
18	QUESTION IS THAT FOR EARLIER STAGE PROGRAMS IN
19	PRECLINICAL OR THE FIRST-IN-HUMAN CLINICAL TRIAL,
20	THE ACADEMIC PROGRAMS DON'T HAVE A CO-FUNDING
21	REQUIREMENT. AND EVEN IN THOSE INSTANCES, THE
22	PROGRAMS HAVE SOUGHT AND SECURED COMMERCIAL PARTNERS
23	WHERE APPROPRIATE. SO THAT HASN'T BEEN A MAJOR
24	DISINCENTIVE IN THOSE INSTANCES WHERE THEY COULD
25	KEEP IT IN-HOUSE. IF THERE IS A REASON TO PARTNER

1	AND TO PROGRESS THAT PROGRAM, I THINK THEY'LL BE
2	ABLE TO DO THAT.
3	CHAIRMAN JUELSGAARD: SHLOMO.
4	DR. MELMED: THANK YOU. THAT WAS REALLY A
5	SUPER, SUPER PRESENTATION. YOU CAN GO ON THE ROAD
6	FOR MORGAN STANLEY. THEY'D LOVE IT. IT WAS REALLY
7	TERRIFIC. THANK YOU.
8	CHAIRMAN JUELSGAARD: SHLOMO, WE WANT TO
9	KEEP SHYAM. DON'T BE PROMOTING
10	DR. MELMED: WE BETTER RAISE HIS SALARY,
11	THEN, TO BEAT THEM.
12	SO MAYBE I MISSED IT, BUT THE VERY LAST
13	PART I THINK NEEDS MORE CLARIFICATION FOR THE BOARD.
14	THE COMMUNITY FOUNDATION, WILL CIRM BE THE GRANTOR
15	OR THE RECIPIENT? AND WHO'S GOING TO MAKE THE
16	DECISION AT THE FOUNDATION? ARE WE GOING TO ADVISE
17	THE FOUNDATION WHAT TO DO WITH CIRM'S ASSET? OR IS
18	THE FOUNDATION GOING TO BE INDEPENDENT AND IS GOING
19	TO DISPOSE OF THE ASSET AND SEND US A CHECK ONCE
20	EVERY FEW YEARS? WHAT'S THE AUTHORITY OF CIRM OVER
21	THE ASSETS THAT ARE LYING IN THE FOUNDATION? AND
22	WHO'S GOING TO MAKE THE DECISIONS? WHAT IS OUR
23	ROLE, GRANTOR, BENEFICIARY?
24	DR. PATEL: SO, RAFAEL, ARE YOU ABLE TO
25	ADDRESS THOSE QUESTIONS FROM A LEGAL PERSPECTIVE OR
	39
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DO YOU WANT ME TO TAKE A SHOT? 1 2 MR. AGUIRRE-SACASA: WHY DON'T YOU TAKE A 3 SHOT, SHYAM, IF YOU DON'T MIND. DR. PATEL: YEAH. SO WE WOULD BE THE 4 5 BENEFICIARY. AND SO I THINK AS PART OF THE 6 AGREEMENT THERE WOULD BE AN EXPECTATION THAT THE 7 FOUNDATION WOULD LIQUIDATE THE SHARES AT THE EARLIEST POSSIBLE TIME. 8 9 DR. MELMED: WHO WOULD MAKE THAT DECISION PHYSICALLY? WHO WOULD PRESS THE BUTTON TO 10 11 LIQUIDATE? 12 DR. PATEL: THAT WOULD BE THE FUND, THE 13 FOUNDATION. 14 DR. MELMED: SO WE WOULD NOT BE PART OF THAT DECISION? 15 DR. PATEL: SO WE WOULD ESTABLISH UNDER 16 17 WHAT CIRCUMSTANCE AND AGREE UPON THAT AS TO WHEN IT WOULD BE LIQUIDATED. AND SO RIGHT NOW THE CURRENT 18 19 MECHANISM WOULD BE THAT IT WOULD BE AT THE EARLIEST 20 TIME POSSIBLE. MR. TOCHER: SHYAM, COULD I JUMP IN? 21 22 DR. PATEL: YEAH. 23 MR. TOCHER: HI, SHLOMO. THIS IS SCOTT 24 BACK AT THE HEADQUARTERS. SO SHYAM HAS IT RIGHT, 25 THAT DIRECTION WOULD COME FROM CIRM THROUGH A 40

1	PREARRANGEMENT WHICH COULD BE MODIFIED EVEN AT
2	CIRM'S REQUEST AS TO THE TIMING.
3	DR. MELMED: LEGALLY, SCOTT, LEGALLY, IF
4	WE ARE THE BENEFICIARY, HOW CAN WE DIRECT THE
5	FOUNDATION? WE ARE THE BENEFICIARY.
6	MR. TOCHER: WELL, IT'S GOING TO FOLLOW
7	JUST AS IT DID WHEN WE HAD THE WARRANTS FROM GERON,
8	WHICH IS THE FOUNDATION JUST ACTS AS A VEHICLE TO
9	HOLD IT ON OUR BEHALF AND TO EXECUTE OUR
10	INSTRUCTIONS TO LIQUIDATE WHEN WE MAKE THAT
11	DIRECTION. SO THEY'RE MORE OR LESS JUST A CONDUIT,
12	A FORMAL SORT OF LEGAL POSSESSOR OF THE WARRANTS
13	THAT ARE SUBJECT TO OUR INSTRUCTIONS AS TO WHEN AND
14	UNDER WHAT CIRCUMSTANCE THEY SHALL BE LIQUIDATED,
15	AND IN EXCHANGE FOR THAT HAVE A SMALL FEE ASSOCIATED
16	WITH THAT.
17	DR. MELMED: YOU MENTIONED THE FUND. WHAT
18	IS THE FUND?
19	MR. TOCHER: I'M SORRY. I DIDN'T USE THE
20	WORD "FUND." I THINK IT'S REALLY JUST A FOUNDATION
21	THAT HOLDS THEM IN OUR PLACE AND SUBJECT TO OUR
22	INSTRUCTIONS.
23	DR. PATEL: THE WAY THE FOUNDATIONS WORK
24	IS TO OPEN UP A VEHICLE WHICH I REFERRED TO AS THE
25	FUND.
	11

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1	DR. MELMED: WHAT FUND?
2	MR. TOCHER: IT'S REALLY AN ACCOUNT, ISN'T
3	IT?
4	DR. PATEL: YEAH. IT'S JUST THE
5	TERMINOLOGY THAT THEY USE. THAT'S WHY I'M USING
6	THAT TERMINOLOGY.
7	DR. MELMED: SO WE ARE THE OWNERS AND WE
8	ARE THE BENEFICIARIES?
9	MR. AGUIRRE-SACASA: THAT'S CORRECT. SO,
10	SHLOMO, MAYBE IT HASN'T BEEN CLEAR. WE, CIRM, ARE
11	NOT ALLOWED BY LAW TO HOLD SECURITIES. THEREFORE,
12	WE NEED TO GO THROUGH THE FOUNDATION PROCESS TO HOLD
13	THOSE SECURITIES, WARRANTS, WHATEVER AND TO EXECUTE
14	THEM. ONES THOSE ARE EXECUTED, THE FOUNDATION MAKES
15	A CONTRIBUTION TO CIRM, THE MONEY.
16	DR. MELMED: AND THAT PROTECTION DOES NOT
17	PRECLUDE US HAVE BEING THE DECISION MAKERS?
18	MR. AGUIRRE-SACASA: NOT AT ALL. WE ARE
19	THE ONES WHO PROVIDE THE INSTRUCTIONS TO THE
20	FOUNDATION. WE ARE THE ONES WHO PRESS THE BUTTON,
21	IF YOU WILL, SHLOMO. AND, SHYAM, PLEASE CORRECT ME
22	IF I'M WRONG. BUT THAT'S MY UNDERSTANDING. WE'RE
23	THE ONES WHO TELL THEM, OKAY, WE'D LIKE TO LIQUIDATE
24	OR EXERCISE OUR OPTIONS AND LIQUIDATE THE SHARES
25	EITHER BY A FORMULA OR BY DIRECTION.

1	DR. MELMED: AND HOW WOULD WE I'M
2	RETURNING TO THE CHAIR OF THE BOARD NOW, OUR
3	CHAIRMAN THERE, SITTING THERE. HOW WILL WE MAKE
4	THAT DECISION? WHO WILL ADVISE US THAT IT'S TIME TO
5	SELL OR TIME TO BUY OR TIME NOT TO SELL?
6	DR. IMBASCIANI: DO YOU HAVE AN ANSWER TO
7	THAT, SCOTT? I DON'T.
8	MR. TOCHER: PARDON?
9	DR. IMBASCIANI: HE'S ASKING ME HOW DO WE
10	DECIDE TO GIVE THAT GUIDANCE TO THE FOUNDATION.
11	MR. TOCHER: IT'S UP TO THE BOARD TO
12	DECIDE, OF COURSE; BUT I THINK TRADITIONALLY THIS
13	WOULD BE A FUNCTION OF THE PRESIDENT AND THE
14	PRESIDENT'S TEAM AT CIRM WITHIN THE GUIDELINES
15	ESTABLISHED BY THE PROGRAM.
16	DR. MELMED: THANK YOU.
17	DR. IMBASCIANI: STEPHEN.
18	CHAIRMAN JUELSGAARD: ARE YOU ASKING ME?
19	DR. IMBASCIANI: I DON'T KNOW WHO'S
20	CHAIRING.
21	CHAIRMAN JUELSGAARD: LARRY IS UP NEXT.
22	DR. GOLDSTEIN: SO I GUESS I HAVE TWO
23	SIMPLE QUESTIONS. ONE IS DO I UNDERSTAND CORRECTLY
24	THAT IF WE THINK THAT THE COMPANY HAS LONG-TERM
25	INCREASING VALUE, WE CAN HOLD OUR SHARES AND NOT
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1	SELL AT THE EARLIEST OPPORTUNITY?
2	CHAIRMAN JUELSGAARD: YES. IT'S A
3	TEN-YEAR WARRANT. SO SHYAM SAYS AT THE EARLIEST
4	OPPORTUNITY. I THINK THERE'S ACTUALLY MORE OF A
5	JUDGMENT THAT MAY BE APPLIED IN ALL OF THIS. I
6	THINK ONE WOULD NEED TO TAKE A LOOK AT WHAT WE
7	THOUGHT THE PROSPECTS WERE. OBVIOUSLY, THE FIRST
8	OPPORTUNITY THAT THEY BECOME AVAILABLE TO BE SOLD,
9	THE COMPANY MAY JUST BE IN THE EARLY STAGES OF
10	COMMERCIALIZING A PRODUCT AND NOT REALLY REALIZE THE
11	FULL POTENTIAL.
12	SO, AGAIN, I THINK IT RELATES TO SHLOMO'S
13	QUESTION ABOUT HOW THESE JUDGMENT CALLS ARE GOING TO
14	BE MADE. I THINK THAT'S GOING TO BE A WORK IN
15	PROGRESS AS WE MOVE ALONG, BUT SOMEBODY IS GOING TO
16	HAVE TO SAY, YES, THIS IS A GOOD TIME TO DO IT. AND
17	I WOULDN'T NECESSARILY THINK THAT IT'S EXACTLY THE
18	FIRST, THE VERY FIRST OPPORTUNITY, BUT THAT'S JUST
19	MY OPINION.
20	DR. PATEL: TO CLARIFY ON THAT POINT, THE
21	FIRST OPPORTUNITY TO SELL WOULD BE AFTER THE
22	WARRANTS HAVE BEEN EXERCISED. SO WE ARE TALKING
23	ABOUT WE CAN HOLD THE WARRANTS FOR UP TO TEN YEARS.
24	THEY ISSUE TO US AT THE AWARD START. WE CAN HOLD
25	THEM FOR UP TO TEN YEARS. ONCE WE EXERCISE THEM,

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1	THE POTENTIAL MECHANISM WOULD BE THAT THE FUND WOULD
_	
2	LIQUIDATE THOSE SHARES AT THE FIRST OPPORTUNITY.
3	SO, FOR EXAMPLE, IF YOU THINK OF IT AS PART OF AN
4	IPO, THAT MAY BE A HOLDING PERIOD. SO FIRST, ONCE
5	THEY'RE EXERCISED, THEY'RE CONVERTED TO COMMON STOCK
6	IN THAT COMPANY. ONCE THAT COMPANY GOES PUBLIC,
7	THERE MAY BE A HOLDING PERIOD. WHEN THE HOLDING
8	PERIOD IS LIFTED, THAT'S THE FIRST OPPORTUNITY TO
9	SELL AND LIQUIDATE THOSE SHARES AND TRANSFER THE
10	FUNDS BACK.
11	SO IF YOU HAD A PARTICULAR INSTRUCTION TO
12	DO THAT AT THE EARLIEST OPPORTUNITY POSSIBLE, THAT
13	WOULD BE HOW THAT WOULD PLAY OUT. SO I'M REFERRING
14	TO AFTER THE SHARES HAVE BEEN EXERCISED AND THEN HOW
15	THEY'RE LIQUIDATED, NOT SO MUCH THAT WE WOULD
16	EXERCISE THE WARRANTS AT THE FIRST OPPORTUNITY.
17	CHAIRMAN JUELSGAARD: YEAH. I THINK THAT
18	REALLY IS THE QUESTION. WHAT'S THE DATE OF EXERCISE
19	BECAUSE WE HAVE THIS TEN-YEAR PERIOD, AND THE DAY
20	THEY FIRST BECOME EXERCISABLE IS NOT NECESSARILY THE
21	DAY WE WANT TO EXERCISE.
22	LARRY, YOU SAID YOU HAD TWO QUESTIONS. SO
23	THAT WAS ONE.
24	DR. GOLDSTEIN: I'M SATISFIED AND HAPPY
25	ABOUT THE ANSWER TO THE FIRST. I THINK IT'S GOOD
	· -
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1	THAT WE COULD BUY AND HOLD IF WE FELT THE PROJECT
2	WAS REALLY TAKING OFF.
3	I GUESS SECOND IS WE HAVE A LOT OF
4	OVERSIGHT ON SOME OF OUR MORE EXPENSIVE PROJECTS.
5	AND I GUESS THE QUESTION IS IF WE BECOME CONVINCED
6	THAT THE EARLY TRIALS DON'T LOOK VERY PROMISING OR
7	THE ANIMAL DATA DON'T LOOK LIKE THEY'RE GOING TO
8	SURVIVE THROUGH AN IND, DO WE HAVE THE OPTION, AS WE
9	DO ON OTHER PROJECTS, OF TERMINATING THE FUNDING?
10	OR IS IT REALLY AN INDEPENDENT ENTITY AND THEY MAKE
11	ALL DECISIONS?
12	CHAIRMAN JUELSGAARD: I THINK YOU'RE
13	SPEAKING TO WHETHER SO OUR FUNDING, AS I
14	UNDERSTAND IT, IS MILESTONE BASED, RIGHT. SO WE
15	HAVE A CONTRACT WITH A COMPANY BASICALLY TO PROVIDE
16	FUNDING. BUT OVER THE COURSE OF THAT FUNDING, THERE
17	ARE CERTAIN MILESTONES THAT HAVE TO BE ACHIEVED.
18	AND IF THEY'RE NOT ACHIEVED, THEN THE FUNDING STOPS
19	UNTIL THEY ARE ACHIEVED. OR IF THEY'RE NOT
20	ACHIEVED, THEN THE FUNDING STOPS FULL STOP.
21	SO WE HAVE THAT KIND OF CONTROL OVER, AS I
22	UNDERSTAND IT, ANY PROJECT FOR WHICH THE ICOC HAS
23	APPROVED AN AWARD. SHYAM, CAN YOU CLARIFY THAT FOR
24	ME? IS THAT THE WAY IT OPERATES?
25	DR. PATEL: LARRY, YOU'RE REFERRING TO OUR
	46

1	STANDARD AWARD MANAGEMENT PROCESS?
2	DR. GOLDSTEIN: YEAH, THAT'S EXACTLY
3	RIGHT. I'M SORT OF WONDERING WHAT HAPPENS IF THE
4	COMPANY DOES A TRIAL, THEY THINK IT'S GREAT, WE
5	DON'T THINK IT'S GOING TO MAKE IT, HOW DO WE MANAGE
6	THAT SITUATION? OR IS IT JUST THERE'S A BOLUS
7	TRANSFER AND THE COMPANY MAKES ALL THE DECISIONS?
8	DR. PATEL: SO THAT'S AN APPROPRIATE
9	QUESTION FOR DR. ABLA CREASEY. AND SHE'S ON THE
10	CALL, SO I'M GOING TO TURN IT OVER TO HER.
11	CHAIRMAN JUELSGAARD: YEAH, ABLA, IF YOU
12	WOULD CLARIFY FOR US PLEASE.
13	DR. CREASEY: OKAY. THANK YOU. LARRY,
14	THAT KIND OF A SITUATION, STEVEN IS CORRECT. THERE
15	ARE MILESTONE-BASED EVENTS THAT WE ACTUALLY FOLLOW
16	AND NOT JUST THE DOLLARS. ON OCCASION A COMPANY
17	THINKS OR AN ENTITY THINKS THAT THEY'RE DOING WELL
18	AND WE THINK THEY'RE NOT DOING SO WELL, WE HAVE IN
19	THE PAST DISCUSSED WITH THEM TERMINATION, GROUNDS
20	FOR TERMINATION, BECAUSE IT'S NOT CONSISTENT WITH
21	WHAT WE'RE SEEING. AND THAT HAS HAPPENED.
22	SO WE HAVE CONTROL OVER THAT PER WATCHING
23	HAPPENING WITH THE GRANT VERSUS WHAT THEY THINK IS
24	HAPPENING WITH THE GRANT. AND THAT HAS PUT US IN
25	THE LEAD IN MANAGING THE GRANT THAT WAY, BOTH IN
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TERMS OF THE ACTUAL WORK THEY'RE DOING AND THEN ALSO
THE DOLLARS THEY'RE SPENDING.
CHAIRMAN JUELSGAARD: JUST TO BE CLEAR, IF
IT'S OUR OPINION THAT THEY'RE NOT MEETING THE
MILESTONES
DR. CREASEY: CORRECT.
CHAIRMAN JUELSGAARD: AND THEY THINK
THEY ARE, IT'S OUR CALL TO STOP FUNDING. IT'S NOT
SOME JOINT DECISION, RIGHT? WE GET TO SAY THAT'S
IT.
DR. CREASEY: WE HAVE THE FINAL DECISION.
SOMETIMES IT WILL SAY IT'S GOING TO TAKE ONE MORE
YEAR OR THE FDA TOLD US THAT, YOU HAVE TO WAIT FOR
THIS OR THAT. BUT ONCE WE DECIDED THAT THEY'RE NOT
DELIVERING ON THE MILESTONES THAT WE PUT TOGETHER IN
COLLABORATION WITH THEM TO START, THEN WE PROCEED
TOWARDS RECOMMENDING TERMINATION. AND I JUST WANT
FOR THE RECORD, WE HAVE DONE THAT ALREADY. WE HAVE
EXAMPLES TO SHARE AT SOME POINT.
CHAIRMAN JUELSGAARD: THANKS. OKAY. BACK
TO MICHAEL AND THEN TO KIM AFTER MICHAEL.
DR. STAMOS: I THINK VITO HAD HIS HAND
RAISED BEFORE I DID.
CHAIRMAN JUELSGAARD: HE DID? I'M NOT
SEEING IT ON MY SCREEN.
48

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1	DR. STAMOS: IT'S BECAUSE HE'S WAVING IT.
2	IT'S NOT A VIRTUAL HAND; IT'S A REAL HAND.
3	CHAIRMAN JUELSGAARD: OKAY. WELL, VITO,
4	I'M UNFORTUNATELY HANDICAPPED. I'M NOT SEEING REAL
5	HANDS ON MY SCREEN BECAUSE I DON'T HAVE YOUR
6	PICTURE. LET'S DO IN THE ORDER I JUST DESCRIBED,
7	LET'S DO MICHAEL AND THEN KIM AND THEN VITO. SORRY,
8	VITO.
9	DR. STAMOS: OKAY. I JUST BACK TO THE
10	QUESTION ABOUT WHO MAKES THE DECISION TO CASH IN THE
11	WARRANTS IF THAT'S THE RIGHT TERM. THEORETICALLY
12	THE WARRANT IS EXERCISED AND YOU HAVE UP TO A
13	TEN-YEAR PERIOD, IF I UNDERSTAND CORRECTLY, TO CASH
14	THEM IN. AND SOMEBODY MENTIONED THE PRESIDENT. IT
15	JUST SEEMS TO ME LIKE THAT COULD BECOME A PROCESS
16	THAT'S NOT COMPLEX, BUT LABOR INTENSIVE, RIGHT, TO
17	MONITOR IF WE HAVE A NUMBER OF THESE AWARDS WE'RE
18	GOING TO BE GIVING OUT OVER THE NEXT FIVE YEARS.
19	AND IT SEEMS LIKE THAT SHOULD FALL INTO SOMEBODY'S
20	COMMITTEE BUCKET, I THINK. MAYBE WE HAVEN'T DEFINED
21	THAT YET, BUT I WOULD SUGGEST THAT WE WOULD DO THAT.
22	CHAIRMAN JUELSGAARD: YEAH. ONE OF THE
23	THINGS THAT'S ENTIRELY POSSIBLE, REMEMBER THESE ARE
24	TEN-YEAR WARRANTS, AND WE'VE GOT A WAYS TO GO YET
25	WITH FUNDING. I'M NOT GOING TO BE THE ONE TO ASSUME

-	
1	BECAUSE IT WAS A REALLY CLOSE CALL BACK IN 2020.
2	I'M NOT GOING TO ASSUME THAT THERE'S GOING TO BE
3	NECESSARILY ANOTHER ROUND OF FUNDING FOR CIRM. AND
4	SO WE COULD SEE THESE WARRANTS BECOMING EXERCISABLE
5	ET CETERA AFTER CIRM BASICALLY HAS BEEN RUNNING LOW
6	ON FUNDS. SO WE'RE GOING TO HAVE TO FIGURE OUT A
7	LONGER TERM MECHANISM FOR THESE FOR WHATEVER
8	EVENTUALITY OCCURS DOWN THE ROAD. AND I THINK
9	THAT'S PROBABLY SOMETHING WE NEED TO WORK ON AFTER
10	THIS MEETING IS REALLY THE BACK END OF ALL OF THIS
11	AND HAVING SOMETHING THAT'S A LITTLE MORE LAID OUT
12	AND STRUCTURED.
13	KIM AND THEN VITO.
14	DR. BARRETT: THIS DISCUSSION IS WAY
15	BEYOND MY SORT OF FINANCE 101 LEVEL OF
16	UNDERSTANDING. BUT IF WE WERE IN POSSESSION OF
17	KNOWLEDGE THAT A PROJECT WASN'T GOING WELL AND WE
18	ARE SITTING ON THESE WARRANTS, WOULDN'T WE THEN BE
19	AT RISK OF SOME SORT OF INSIDER TRADING TO GET RID
20	OF THEM BEFORE WE TERMINATE THE GRANT? I SEE STEVE
21	SHAKING HIS HEAD. SO I'D JUST LIKE TO UNDERSTAND
22	THAT.
23	CHAIRMAN JUELSGAARD: RAFAEL, CAN I ANSWER
24	THAT
25	MR. AGUIRRE-SACASA: I WAS GOING TO SAY IF
	50

YOU WANT --

1

CHAIRMAN JUELSGAARD: -- HAVING BEEN IN A 2 3 PUBLIC COMPANY AND THE SEC WORLD FOR YEARS. SO THE WARRANTS BASICALLY IN AND OF THEMSELVES CAN BE 4 TRANSFERRED, YOU'RE RIGHT. AND IF WE WERE AWARE OF 5 INFORMATION THAT THINGS WERE GOING POORLY WITH THE 6 7 PROJECT, BUT WE WERE ABLE SOMEHOW TO FIND OR SOMEBODY CAME TO US AND SAID WE'RE WILLING TO 8 9 PURCHASE THOSE WARRANTS FROM YOU. WE'D BE IN A POSITION OF -- I'M SPEAKING ABOUT THIS. I DON'T 10 KNOW ABOUT INSIDER TRADING LAWS APPLIED TO 11 GOVERNMENTAL ENTITIES. SO LET ME SAY, HAVE THAT 12 CAVEAT BECAUSE RIGHT NOW IT'S NOT CLEAR HOW WELL 13 INSIDER TRADING LAWS APPLY TO MEMBERS OF CONGRESS. 14 BUT IN ANY EVENT, WE'D HAVE TO DO A LITTLE LEGAL 15 RESEARCH, LET ME LEAVE IT AT THAT, TO SEE WHETHER OR 16 17 NOT WE HAVE ANY EXPOSURE. BUT THE BETTER PRACTICE WOULD BE TO BASICALLY NOT SELL SOMEBODY SOMETHING 18 19 THAT'S ULTIMATELY GOING TO BE WORTHLESS TO THEM. 20 THAT'S PROBABLY NOT A VERY GOOD THING TO DO, PUTTING ASIDE THE LEGALITIES. 21 22 DR. BARRETT: THANK YOU. CHAIRMAN JUELSGAARD: SO, VITO, I'M SORRY. 23 DR. IMBASCIANI: IT'S OKAY. YOU PROBABLY 24 25 CAN'T SEE THE CONFERENCE ROOM WE ARE IN.

1	CHANGE OF SUBJECT QUESTION. WHAT IF ONE
2	OF OUR GRANTEES THAT'S EXERCISED A WARRANT WITH CIRM
3	FOR WHATEVER REASON, EITHER BUSINESS OR FINANCIAL,
4	DECIDES TO GO OUT OF BUSINESS OR FINDS ITSELF TRYING
5	TO REORGANIZE IN BANKRUPTCY COURT? ARE WE A
6	CREDITOR? WHERE DO WE STAND WITH RESPECT TO OUR
7	WARRANT RIGHTS?
8	CHAIRMAN JUELSGAARD: THE WARRANT RIGHTS
9	ARE ESSENTIALLY EQUIVALENT TO EITHER COMMON STOCK OR
10	PREFERRED STOCK DEPENDING UPON THE TYPE OF THE
11	WARRANT. SO IN A CASE OF A COMPANY, IF THEY'RE
12	REALLY GOING OUT OF BUSINESS, SO FIRST OF ALL, IF
13	THERE'S A LIQUIDATION, YOU WOULD HAVE YOU WOULD
14	BE ABLE TO EXERCISE THE WARRANT INTO PREFERRED STOCK
15	AND THEN GET WHATEVER LIQUIDATION RIGHTS PREFERRED
16	STOCK HAVE. IT'S USUALLY PENNIES ON THE DOLLAR.
17	WE'D HAVE TO WONDER WHETHER OR NOT IT'S WORTH DOING
18	IT. IF IT'S COMMON STOCK, YOU PROBABLY DON'T SEE
19	MUCH OF ANYTHING. IN A REORGANIZATION, TYPICALLY
20	THE WHOLE STOCK STRUCTURE IS REDONE, AND YOU
21	PROBABLY ARE LEFT WITH VERY LITTLE, IF NOTHING IN A
22	CHAPTER 11 BANKRUPTCY, WHICH IS THE REORGANIZATION
23	STYLE, CHAPTER 7 BEING THE STRICT LIQUIDATION STYLE.
24	BUT IN THOSE CASES, WE PLACED A BET LIKE
25	THE INVESTORS HAVE, ET CETERA, AND IT JUST HASN'T
	52

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1	TURNED OUT. IT'S USUALLY BECAUSE THE PRODUCT THAT
2	THEY'RE DEVELOPING HAS NOT MET ITS GOALS. IT TURNED
3	OUT TO NOT WORK THE WAY EVERYBODY HAD HOPED AND
4	EXPECTED IT WOULD. SO IT'S GOING TO HAPPEN. YOU
5	SEE IT ALL THE TIME. YOUNG COMPANIES FOLDING SIMPLY
6	BECAUSE THEIR CLINICAL TRIALS FAILED. SO WE ARE NOT
7	GOING TO SEE MUCH.
8	DR. IMBASCIANI: OKAY. THANKS. GREAT
9	ANSWER. THANK YOU.
10	CHAIRMAN JUELSGAARD: ANY OTHER QUESTIONS
11	BEFORE WE KIND OF COME TO A VOTE ON THIS? SHYAM,
12	ANYTHING YOU WANT TO ADD?
13	DR. PATEL: NO. THANK YOU.
14	DR. ABOUSALEM: STEVE, I'D LIKE JUST A
15	COMMENT.
16	CHAIRMAN JUELSGAARD: SURE.
17	DR. ABOUSALEM: JUST A QUICK COMMENT AS WE
18	GET TO THE VOTE HERE. I JUST WANT TO REALLY PUT A
19	SHOUT-OUT FOR SHYAM ON THIS EFFORT BECAUSE IT IS A
20	LOT OF WORK. HE'S DONE A GOOD JOB IN SHEPHERDING
21	THE CONCEPT THROUGH FOR US TO BE ABLE TO PURSUE
22	THOSE HIGH-RISK PROJECTS THAT WILL, HOPEFULLY, HAVE
23	HIGH REWARDS AT THE END, SHYAM, YOU KNOW, THE
24	THERAPEUTICS AND THE SOLUTIONS THAT THESE PRODUCTS
25	WILL BRING; BUT WE DO, AS STEVE EXPLAINED, IN THOSE
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1	KINDS OF SITUATIONS. SO THE RISK IS ACKNOWLEDGED,
2	BUT I THINK THAT SHYAM DID A GOOD JOB THREADING THE
3	NEEDLE AND GETTING THE INPUT FROM EVERYBODY AND
4	REALLY BEING VERY THOUGHTFUL AND METHODICAL IN
5	PUTTING THIS TOGETHER. SO I JUST WANTED TO POINT
6	THAT OUT. AND THANKS TO YOU, SHYAM.
7	DR. PATEL: THANK YOU.
8	CHAIRMAN JUELSGAARD: BEFORE I CALL ON
9	SHLOMO, LET ME JUST ECHO WHAT YOU JUST SAID,
10	MOHAMAD. THIS HAS BEEN THIS HAS NOT BEEN AN EASY
11	PROCESS. AND JUST GIVEN THE COMPLEXITY OF THE
12	PRESENTATION THAT WE SAW, ALL THE DIFFERENT
13	VARIABLES THAT HAD TO BE CONSIDERED, I COMPLETELY
14	CONCUR. SHYAM, YOU REALLY DESERVE OUR APPRECIATION
15	FOR THE HARD WORK THAT YOU PUT INTO THIS AND THE
16	WORK PRODUCT THAT YOU WERE ABLE TO PRODUCE. SO I,
17	FOR ONE, THANK YOU FOR THAT.
18	SHLOMO, DO YOU HAVE
19	DR. MELMED: AGAIN, I RE-ECHO THOSE
20	COMPLIMENTS. ABSOLUTELY.
21	I JUST A WORD OF CAUTION FOR US AS THE
22	SUBCOMMITTEE AND CERTAINLY FOR SHYAM. WHEN YOU MAKE
23	THE PRESENTATION TO THE BIG BOARD AND CERTAINLY FOR
24	THE PUBLIC, I THINK YOU ARE GOING TO GET A LOT OF
25	QUESTIONS ABOUT THE DISPOSITION AND THE CONTROL OF
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1	THE FUNDS AT THE END. SO PERHAPS ADD AN EXTRA SLIDE
2	JUST OUTLINING THE RISKS, THE BENEFITS, AND THE
3	CONTROL, THAT THESE ASSETS WILL REMAIN WITHIN THE
4	PURVIEW OF CIRM BASED UPON THE ANSWERS THAT YOU GAVE
5	TO OUR QUESTIONS, AND YOUR ANSWER WERE TERRIFIC. SO
6	JUST A SUGGESTION FOR YOUR PRESENTATION.
7	DR. PATEL: THANK YOU, SHLOMO. THAT'S A
8	GOOD POINT IN TERMS OF SOME OF THE CONFUSION THAT
9	WAS COMING HERE WITH RESPECT TO ISSUING OF WARRANTS,
10	EXERCISING WARRANTS, AND LIQUIDATION OF SHARES,
11	BEING ABLE TO CLARIFY THAT AND PROVIDING A REAL
12	EXAMPLE OF IT WOULD BE HELPFUL.
13	CHAIRMAN JUELSGAARD: YES. GREAT IDEA.
14	ALL RIGHT. I DON'T SEE ANY OTHER HANDS RAISED. NO
15	HANDS IN THE CONFERENCE ROOM? ALL RIGHT. WELL, IF
16	THAT, THEN I WOULD ENTERTAIN A MOTION FOR APPROVAL
17	OF THE PROPOSAL THAT SHYAM HAS PUT ON THE TABLE
18	BECAUSE I'M NOT GOING TO REPEAT IT.
19	DR. STAMOS: SO MOVED.
20	CHAIRMAN JUELSGAARD: IS THERE A SECOND?
21	DR. ABOUSALEM: SECOND.
22	CHAIRMAN JUELSGAARD: SO MICHAEL HAS
23	PRESENTED THE MOTION AND MOHAMAD HAS SECONDED. SO,
24	SCOTT, LET'S DO THE ROLL CALL PLEASE.
25	MR. TOCHER: SURE. I'D JUST LIKE TO ASK
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1	IF THERE'S ANY PUBLIC COMMENT ON THE LINE?
2	CHAIRMAN JUELSGAARD: GOOD QUESTION.
3	YEAH. PUBLIC COMMENT.
4	MR. TOCHER: AND WE ARE CHECKING. NO
5	HANDS RAISED. OKAY. GREAT. THEN I'LL PROCEED TO
6	THE ROLL CALL.
7	MOHAMAD ABOUSALEM.
8	DR. ABOUSALEM: YES. AYE.
9	MR. TOCHER: THANK YOU. KIM BARRETT.
10	DR. BARRETT: AYE.
11	MR. TOCHER: JUDY CHOU.
12	DR. CHOU: AYE.
13	MR. TOCHER: LARRY GOLDSTEIN.
14	DR. GOLDSTEIN: AYE.
15	MR. TOCHER: VITO IMBASCIANI.
16	DR. IMBASCIANI: AYE.
17	MR. TOCHER: STEVE JUELSGAARD.
18	CHAIRMAN JUELSGAARD: YES.
19	MR. TOCHER: SHLOMO MELMED.
20	DR. MELMED: YES.
21	MR. TOCHER: JOE PANETTA.
22	MR. PANETTA: YES.
23	MR. TOCHER: GREAT. WE CAN HEAR YOU.
24	MICHAEL STAMOS.
25	DR. STAMOS: YES.
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20	(THE MEETING WAS THEN CONCLUDED.)
19	YOUR DAY, EVERYONE. TAKE CARE.
18	CHAIRMAN JUELSGAARD: HAVE A GREAT REST OF
17	THANK YOU.
16	DR. STAMOS: GREAT WORK, GREAT MEETING.
15	TO HEAR THAT.
14	CHAIRMAN JUELSGAARD: OKAY. GOOD. GLAD
13	CHANCE.
12	DR. GOLDSTEIN: THERE'S A REASONABLE
11	APPROVES. THEY BETTER.
10	ASSUMING, OF COURSE, THE SCIENCE SUBCOMMITTEE
9	PRESENTATION WHEN IT COMES TIME FOR THE ICOC MEETING
8	THE QUESTIONS. I THINK WE'LL HAVE AN EXCELLENT
7	GOOD RESULT, AND I APPRECIATE ALL THE COMMENTS AND
6	ATTENTION ON THIS MEETING. BUT I THINK WE CAME TO A
5	YOU VERY MUCH, ALL OF YOU, FOR YOUR TIME AND
4	CHAIRMAN JUELSGAARD: ALL RIGHT. THANK
3	MUCH. AND THE MOTION CARRIES.
2	BONNEVILLE. KAROL WATSON. GREAT. THANKS VERY
1	MR. TOCHER: AND I'LL CHECK. MARIA

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