AMENDED IN ASSEMBLY APRIL 26, 2006

AMENDED IN ASSEMBLY APRIL 5, 2006

AMENDED IN ASSEMBLY MARCH 7, 2006

AMENDED IN ASSEMBLY JUNE 15, 2005

AMENDED IN SENATE MAY 4, 2005

AMENDED IN SENATE APRIL 12, 2005

AMENDED IN SENATE APRIL 4, 2005

SENATE BILL

No. 401

Introduced by Senators Ortiz and Runner (Coauthors: Assembly Members Jones and Laird)

February 17, 2005

An act to amend Sections 125290.30 and 125290.50 of the Health and Safety Code, relating to stem cell research, and calling a special election to be consolidated with the statewide general election of November 7, 2006, to take effect immediately as an act calling an election.

LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

SB 401, as amended, Ortiz. Stem cell research: ICOC procedures. The California Stem Cell Research and Cures Act, an initiative measure, establishes the California Institute for Regenerative Medicine, the purpose of which is, among other things, to make grants and loans for stem cell research, for research facilities, and for other vital research opportunities to realize therapies, protocols, and medical procedures that will result in the cure for, or substantial mitigation of, diseases and injuries. Existing law establishes the Independent

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Citizen's Oversight Committee (ICOC), composed of appointed members, that is required to perform various functions and duties with regard to the operation of the institute.

Existing law sets forth public meeting, public records, and conflict-of-interest provisions applicable to the ICOC and requires the ICOC to establish standards that require that all grants and loan awards be subject to intellectual property agreements that balance the opportunity of the State of California to benefit from the patents, royalties, and licenses that result from basic research, therapy development, and clinical trials with the need to assure that essential medical research is not unreasonably hindered by the intellectual property agreements.

Existing law exempts the ICOC working groups from the state open meetings laws and the Public Records Act and, with certain exceptions, makes working group records submitted to the ICOC for approval subject to the Public Records Act.

This bill would delete these working group open meeting and public records provisions and modify the public hearing and public records provisions applicable to the ICOC, the Citizen's Financial Accountability Oversight Committee, and the advisory and working groups established to assist these bodies, and would set forth minimum intellectual property licensing conditions applicable to ICOC standards for research grants and loans. This bill would modify the conflict-of-interest provisions applicable to members of ICOC working or advisory groups.

Existing law prohibits amendment of the initiative measure by the Legislature unless the amendment is approved by the voters, or the amendment is accomplished by a bill introduced after the first 2 full calendar years and approved by a vote of 70% of both houses.

This bill would provide for submission of the measure to the voters at the next statewide election, and would condition the changes upon voter approval pursuant to prescribed provisions of law.

This bill would call a special election to be consolidated with the statewide general election scheduled for November 7, 2006. It would condition the amendment of the initiative upon voter approval, and would require the Secretary of State to submit the provisions of the bill that amend the initiative statute to the voters for their approval at the November 7, 2006, consolidated statewide general election.

This bill would declare that it is to take effect immediately as an act calling an election.

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Vote: majority. Appropriation: no. Fiscal committee: yes. State-mandated local program: no.

The people of the State of California do enact as follows:

1 SECTION 1. Section 125290.30 of the Health and Safety 2 Code is amended to read:

125290.30. Public and Financial Accountability Standards

(a) Annual Public Report

The institute shall issue an annual report to the public which sets forth its activities, grants awarded, grants in progress, research accomplishments, and future program directions. Each annual report shall include, but not be limited to, the following: the number and dollar amounts of research and facilities grants; the grantees for the prior year; the institute's administrative expenses; an assessment of the availability of funding for stem cell research from sources other than the institute; a summary of research findings, including promising new research areas; an assessment of the relationship between the institute's grants and the overall strategy of its research program; a report of the institute's strategic research and financial plans; and the detailed and verifiable progress that the institute has made to promote diversity in the hiring, contracting, and grant and loan making functions of the institute.

(b) Independent Financial Audit for Review by State Controller

The institute shall annually commission an independent financial audit of its activities from a certified public accounting firm, which shall be provided to the State Controller, who shall review the audit and annually issue a public report of that review.

(c) Citizen's Financial Accountability Oversight Committee

There shall be a Citizen's Financial Accountability Oversight Committee chaired by the State Controller. This committee shall review the annual financial audit, the State Controller's report and evaluation of that audit, and the financial practices of the institute. The State Controller, the State Treasurer, the President pro Tempore of the Senate, the Speaker of the Assembly, and the Chairperson of the ICOC shall each appoint a public member of the committee. Committee members shall have medical backgrounds and knowledge of relevant financial matters. The

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committee shall provide recommendations on the institute's financial practices and performance. The State Controller shall provide staff support. The committee shall hold a public meeting, with appropriate notice, and with a formal public comment period. The committee shall evaluate public comments and include appropriate summaries in its annual report. The ICOC shall provide funds for the per diem expenses of the committee members and for publication of the annual report.

(d) Public Meeting Laws

- (1) The ICOC shall hold at least two public meetings per year, one of which will be designated as the institute's annual meeting. The ICOC may hold additional meetings as it determines are necessary or appropriate.
- (2) The Bagley-Keene Open Meeting Act, Article 9 (commencing with Section 11120) of Chapter 1 of Part 1 of Division 3 of Title 2 of the Government Code, shall apply to all meetings of the ICOC, the Citizen's Financial Accountability Oversight Committee, and any working or advisory group established to assist these bodies except as otherwise provided in this section. The ICOC shall award all grants, loans, and contracts in public meetings and shall adopt all governance, scientific, medical, and regulatory standards in public meetings.
- (3) The ICOC, the Citizen's Financial Accountability Oversight Committee, and any working or advisory group established to assist these bodies, may conduct closed sessions as permitted by the Bagley-Keene Open Meeting Act, under Section 11126 of the Government Code. In addition, these bodies may conduct closed sessions when any of these bodies meets to consider or discuss:
- (A) Individually identifiable information regarding the medical history of, mental or physical condition of, or treatment of, a patient or medical subject, except to the extent that the person has waived his or her right to confidentiality regarding that information.
- (B) Confidential intellectual property or work product, whether patentable or not, including, but not limited to, any formula, plan, pattern, process, tool, mechanism, compound, procedure, production data, or compilation of information, which is not patented, which is known only to certain individuals who are using it to fabricate, produce, or compound an article of trade

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or a service having commercial value and which gives its user an opportunity to obtain a business advantage over competitors who do not know it or use it.

- (C) Prepublication scientific working papers, or research data.
- (D) The appointment, employment, performance, compensation, or dismissal of individual institute officers and employees. Action on compensation of the institute's officers and employees shall only be taken in open session.
- (E) (i) The scientific evaluation of any application for research, training, or facility grants or loans submitted for funding. However, any working or advisory group that is charged with reviewing and recommending applications for research, training, or facility grants or loans shall produce a written summary that shall be a public record of the reasons for recommending or not recommending any application for funding.
- (ii) The written summaries specified in clause (i) shall be posted on the ICOC's Web site at least 10 days prior to the ICOC's consideration for any recommendations for funding and shall include all of the following:
- (I) In the case of any application that is recommended for funding: the name of the applicant, the title and subject of the application, a description of how the project proposed in the application could benefit the state, a brief summary of the scientific evaluation of the project, the consolidated scientific score for the project, and the final recommendation of the full working or advisory group on the application.
- (II) In the case of any application that is not recommended for funding: a short description of the project proposed in the application, the disease category addressed by the proposed project, the geographic region represented by that project, and the general reasons for the decision not to recommend the application for funding.
- (4) The meeting required by paragraph (2) of subdivision (b) of Section 125290.20 shall be deemed to be a special meeting for the purposes of Section 11125.4 of the Government Code.
 - (e) Public Records

(1) The California Public Records Act, Article 1 (commencing with Section 6250) of Chapter 3.5 of Division 7 of Title 1 of the Government Code, shall apply to all records of the institute, except as otherwise provided in this section.

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(2) This section does not require disclosure of any record exempt from disclosure under the California Public Records Act. Moreover, nothing in this section shall be construed to require disclosure of any records that are any of the following:

- (A) Personnel, medical, or similar files, the disclosure of which would constitute an unwarranted invasion of personal privacy.
- (B) Records containing or reflecting confidential intellectual property or work product, whether patentable or not, including, but not limited to, any formula, plan, pattern, process, tool, mechanism, compound, procedure, production data, or compilation of information, which is not patented, which is known only to certain individuals who are using it to fabricate, produce, or compound an article of trade or a service having commercial value and which gives its user an opportunity to obtain a business advantage over competitors who do not know it or use it.
 - (C) Prepublication scientific working papers or research data.
 - (f) Competitive Bidding
- (1) The institute shall, except as otherwise provided in this section, be governed by the competitive bidding requirements applicable to the University of California, as set forth in Article 1 (commencing with Section 10500) of Chapter 2.1 of Part 2 of Division 2 of the Public Contract Code.
- (2) For all institute contracts, the ICOC shall follow the procedures required of the regents by Article 1 (commencing with Section 10500) of Chapter 2.1 of Part 2 of Division 2 of the Public Contract Code with respect to contracts let by the University of California.
- (3) The requirements of this section shall not be applicable to grants or loans approved by the ICOC.
- (4) Except as provided in this section, the Public Contract Code shall not apply to contracts let by the institute.
 - (g) Conflicts of Interest
- (1) The Political Reform Act, Title 9 (commencing with Section 81000) of the Government Code, shall apply to the institute and to the ICOC, except as provided in this section and in subdivision (e) of Section 125290.50.
- 39 (A) No member of the ICOC shall make, participate in 40 making, or in any way attempt to use his or her official position

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to influence a decision to approve or award a grant, loan, or contract to his or her employer, but a member may participate in a decision to approve or award a grant, loan, or contract to a nonprofit entity in the same field as his or her employer.

- (B) A member of the ICOC may participate in a decision to approve or award a grant, loan, or contract to an entity for the purpose of research involving a disease from which a member or his or her immediate family suffers or in which the member has an interest as a representative of a disease advocacy organization.
- (C) The adoption of standards is not a decision subject to this section.
- (2) Service as a member of the ICOC by a member of the faculty or administration of any system of the University of California shall not, by itself, be deemed to be inconsistent, incompatible, in conflict with, or inimical to the duties of the ICOC member as a member of the faculty or administration of any system of the University of California and shall not result in the automatic vacation of either such office. Service as a member of the ICOC by a representative or employee of a disease advocacy organization, a nonprofit academic and research institution, or a life science commercial entity shall not be deemed to be inconsistent, incompatible, in conflict with, or inimical to the duties of the ICOC member as a representative or employee of that organization, institution, or entity.
- (3) Section 1090 of the Government Code shall not apply to any grant, loan, or contract made by the ICOC except where both of the following conditions are met:
- (A) The grant, loan, or contract directly relates to services to be provided by any member of the ICOC or the entity the member represents or financially benefits the member or the entity he or she represents.
- (B) The member fails to recuse himself or herself from making, participating in making, or in any way attempting to use his or her official position to influence a decision on the grant loan or contract.
- (h) Patent Royalties and License Revenues Paid to the State of California
- (1) The ICOC shall establish standards that require that all grants and loan awards be subject to intellectual property agreements that balance the opportunity of the State of California

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to benefit from the patents, royalties, and licenses that result from basic research, therapy development, and clinical trials with the need to assure that essential medical research is not unreasonably hindered by the intellectual property agreements. The ICOC shall establish and apply minimum licensing conditions to its grants and loans for research and facilities consisting of the following:

- (A) A requirement that every recipient of grant or loan awards for research that is a nonprofit research institution provide to the state a portion of net licensing revenues from any invention, research finding or tool, or technology that it develops using funds from the grant or loan award, as follows:
- (i) The grant or loan recipient shall provide 50 percent of the net licensing revenues beyond a reasonable revenue threshold that the ICOC may establish if the state shares in the expenses of developing and protecting any patent on the invention, research finding or tool, or technology.
- (ii) The grant or loan recipient shall provide 25 percent of the net licensing revenues beyond a reasonable revenue threshold that the ICOC may establish if the state does not share in the expenses of developing and protecting any patent on the invention, research finding or tool, or technology.
- (B) For any grant or loan for research that is to be financed with taxable bonds, the ICOC shall require a higher level of royalties than set forth in subparagraph (A), if a higher level is necessary to offset the additional cost of using taxable bonds.
- (C) For any grant or loan for research that is financed with nontaxable bonds, the ICOC may require that the royalties required by this subdivision be paid directly to a nonprofit organization that is dedicated to enhancing access to clinical trials and therapies for low-income populations, rather than being paid to the state, if the institute determines for tax reasons that receipt of the royalties by the state would preclude the use of nontaxable bonds.
- (D) A requirement that every recipient of a grant or loan award for research that is a *nonprofit* research institution require every licensee who develops a product, drug, or therapy using any invention, research finding or tool, or technology developed with funds from the grant or loan award to agree to sell the product, drug, or therapy to state and county health programs at a cost not to exceed the federal Medicaid price.

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(E) A requirement that every recipient of a grant or loan award for research that is a commercial entity agree, as a condition of accepting the funds, to sell any product, drug, or therapy that it develops using grant or loan funds to state and county health programs at a cost not to exceed the federal Medicaid price.

- (F) A requirement that any recipient of a grant or loan award for research that is a commercial entity provide royalty payments to the state at a rate that is consistent with the rates historically received by the University of California for research agreements with biotechnology and pharmaceutical commercial entities for that type of research.
- (2) The ICOC shall seek licensing conditions that would provide greater financial benefits to the state than those required by paragraph (1) where it is possible to do so without hindering research and development of promising stem cell therapies and treatments.
- (3) The ICOC shall impose any licensing conditions in its grants and loans for research that are necessary to ensure the free and open dissemination of basic research tools and findings, including research exemptions, open source and nonexclusive licensing, development of patent pools, and other provisions the ICOC finds are necessary to ensure open dissemination.
- (4) The ICOC shall require a grantee or licensee to grant a nonexclusive, partially exclusive, or exclusive license to a responsible applicant if the ICOC determines that the grantee or licensee is violating the terms of licensing conditions, or if the grantee or licensee is not making efforts in a reasonable period of time to achieve practical application of an invention developed with grant or loan funds, or if it is necessary to alleviate health and safety needs. With the exception of actions to address health and safety needs, prior to exercising this authority, the institute shall give the grantee or licensee an opportunity to bring its actions into compliance with the licensing conditions.
- (5) For the purposes of this subdivision, "net licensing revenue" shall include all forms of financial consideration from licensing, including cash and corporate equity, and shall be defined as gross licensing revenues, less patent expenses and reasonable payments to inventors.
- (6) Any proposed intellectual property agreement between the ICOC and a grantee or loan recipient shall be reviewed by the

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1 Attorney General prior to its approval by the ICOC, and the 2 ICOC shall consider any comments by the Attorney General 3 prior to approving the agreement.

(i) Preference for California Suppliers

The ICOC shall establish standards to ensure that grantees purchase goods and services from California suppliers to the extent reasonably possible, in a good faith effort to achieve a goal of more than 50 percent of such purchases from California suppliers.

SEC. 2. Section 125290.50 of the Health and Safety Code is amended to read:

125290.50. Scientific and Medical Working Groups—General

- (a) The institute shall have, and there is hereby established, three separate scientific and medical working groups as follows:
 - (1) Scientific and Medical Research Funding Working Group.
- (2) Scientific and Medical Accountability Standards WorkingGroup.
 - (3) Scientific and Medical Research Facilities Working Group.
 - (b) Working Group Members

Appointments of scientific and medical working group members shall be made by a majority vote of a quorum of the ICOC, within 30 days of the election and appointment of the initial ICOC members. The working group members' terms shall be six years except that, after the first six-year terms, the members' terms will be staggered so that one-third of the members shall be elected for a term that expires two years later, one-third of the members shall be elected for a term that expires four years later, and one-third of the members shall be elected for a term that expires four years later, and one-third of the members shall be elected for a term that expires six years later. Subsequent terms are for six years. Working group members may serve a maximum of two consecutive terms.

(c) Working Group Meetings

Each scientific and medical working group shall hold at least four meetings per year, one of which shall be designated as its annual meeting.

(d) Working Group Recommendations to the ICOC

Recommendations of each of the working groups may be forwarded to the ICOC only by a vote of a majority of a quorum of the members of each working group. If 35 percent of the

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members of any working group join together in a minority position, a minority report may be submitted to the ICOC. The ICOC shall consider the recommendations of the working groups in making its decisions on applications for research and facility grants and loan awards and in adopting regulatory standards. Each working group shall recommend to ICOC rules, procedures, and practices for that working group.

(e) Conflict of Interest

- (1) The ICOC shall adopt conflict-of-interest rules, based on standards applicable to members of scientific review committees of the National Institutes of Health, to govern the participation of non-ICOC working group members.
- (2) (A) Upon his or her appointment, and each year thereafter at a time specified by the ICOC, each member of a working or advisory group appointed to assist the institute or its governing body shall disclose to the ICOC any income, real property, and investments they or a close family member has in all of the following:
- (i) A California-based academic or nonprofit research institution.
 - (ii) A biotechnology or pharmaceutical company.
 - (iii) Real property interests in California.
- (B) In addition to the disclosures in subparagraph (A), a member who is appointed to the facilities working group shall disclose all construction, real estate, and development firms from which they or a family member receives or has received economic benefits.
- (C) The ICOC shall provide the disclosures to the State Auditor. The State Auditor, or his or her successor, shall review at least annually the disclosures, in addition to the voting record of each working or advisory group member regarding recommendations for applications for research and facility grants and loan awards and regulatory standards, and submit an annual report to the Legislature containing findings on whether any of the votes made by these members may constitute, or has constituted, a *financial* conflict of interest that requires or required the member to recuse himself or herself from consideration of an application or standard if the member is otherwise required under existing law to recuse himself or herself.

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(D) A working group member shall not vote or participate in the consideration of any grant, loan, or project submitted for funding if he or she has a financial conflict of interest.

- (3) For purposes of this subdivision, "financial conflict of interest" means that the working or advisory group member, or a close relative or professional associate of the member, has a financial or other monetary interest in an application or standard that is known to the member, including a direct benefit of any amount deriving from an application or standard, or a financial benefit of any type from an applicant institution of over five thousand dollars (\$5,000) per year, including honoraria, fees, stock, or other benefits. For purposes of this paragraph, "close relative" and "professional associate" shall have the same meaning as those terms are defined under the National Institutes Health Conflict of Interest, Confidentiality Non-Disclosure Rules.
- (4) The ICOC shall appoint an ethics officer from among the staff of the institute.
- (5) Because the working groups are purely advisory and have no final decisionmaking authority, members of the working groups shall not be considered public officials, employees, or consultants for purposes of the Political Reform Act (Title 9 (commencing with Section 81000) of the Government Code), Sections 1090 and 19990 of the Government Code, and Sections 10516 and 10517 of the Public Contract Code.
- SEC. 3. As an amendment of an initiative, Sections 1 and 2 of this act shall become effective only upon approval by the voters at a statewide election. The Secretary of State shall submit Sections 1 and 2 of this act to the voters at the next statewide election pursuant to Section 9040 of the Elections Code.
- SEC. 3. (a) As an amendment of an initiative statute, Sections 1 and 2 of this act shall become effective only upon approval by the voters at a statewide election.
- (b) A special election is hereby called, to be held throughout the state on November 7, 2006, for approval by the voters of Sections 1 and 2 of this act. The special election shall be consolidated with the statewide general election to be held on that date. The consolidated elections shall be held and conducted in all aspects as if there were only one election, and only one form of ballot shall be used.

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(c) Notwithstanding Section 9040 of the Elections Code, or any other provision of law, the Secretary of State shall, pursuant to subdivision (c) of Section 10 of Article II of the Constitution, submit Sections 1 and 2 of this act to the voters for their approval at the November 7, 2006, consolidated statewide general election.

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7 SEC. 4. This act calls an election within the meaning of 8 Article IV of the Constitution and shall go into immediate effect.